

## September 2008

## No. OCH439 **REVISED EDITION-A**

# SERVICE MANUAL

## **R410A**

[model name]

[Service Ref.]

PUHZ-W50VHA PUHZ-W50VHA-BS PUHZ-W85VHA PUHZ-W85VHA-BS PUHZ-HW112YHA PUHZ-HW140VHA PUHZ-HW140YHA

PUHZ-W50VHA PUHZ-W50VHA-BS PUHZ-W85VHA PUHZ-W85VHA-BS PUHZ-HW112YHA PUHZ-HW112YHA-BS PUHZ-HW112YHA-BS PUHZ-HW140VHA PUHZ-HW140VHA-BS PUHZ-HW140VHA-BS PUHZ-HW140YHA PUHZ-HW140YHA-BS PUHZ-HW140YHA-BS

Revision:

- PUHZ-W50V/HW112Y/HW140V/ HW140YHA(-BS) and PUHZ-W85VHA-BS are added in **REVISED EDITION-A.**
- Some descriptions have been modified.

• Please void OCH439.

#### Note:

- This manual describes only
- service data of outdoor unit. RoHS compliant products have
- <G> mark on the spec name plate.



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PARTS CATALOG (OCB439)

## 1-1. ALWAYS OBSERVE FOR SAFETY

1

Before obtaining access to terminal, all supply circuits must be disconnected.

## **1-2. CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT**

Cautions for units utilizing refrigerant R410A

#### Do not use refrigerant other than R410A.

If other refrigerant (R22 etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

#### Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

Vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

#### Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R410A refrigerant.

The following tools are necessary to use R410A refrigerant.

Tools for R410A				
Gauge manifold	Vacuum pump adaptor			
Charge hose	Electronic refrigerant			
Gas leak detector	charging scale			
Torque wrench				

#### Keep tools with care.

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

#### Do not use a charging cylinder.

If a charging cylinder is used, the composition of refrigerant will change and the efficiency will be lowered.

Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.

#### Charge refrigerant from liquid phase of gas cylinder.

If the refrigerant is charged from gas phase, composition change may occur in refrigerant and the efficiency will be lowered.

### [1] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.

#### [2] Additional refrigerant charge

#### When charging directly from cylinder

- · Check that cylinder for R410A on the market is syphon type.
- · Charging should be performed with the cylinder of syphon stood vertically. (Refrigerant is charged from liquid phase.)



## [3] Service tools

## Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R410A refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications			
1	Gauge manifold	Only for R410A			
		·Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)			
		·Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3 MPa·G or over.			
2	Charge hose	·Only for R410A			
		·Use pressure performance of 5.09 MPa·G or over.			
3	Electronic scale				
4	Gas leak detector	·Use the detector for R134a, R407C or R410A.			
5	Adaptor for reverse flow check	·Attach on vacuum pump.			
6	Refrigerant charge base				
0	Refrigerant cylinder	•Only for R410A Top of cylinder (Pink)			
		Cylinder with syphon			
8	Refrigerant recovery equipment				

## **1-3. CAUTIONS FOR REFRIGERANT PIPING WORK**

#### Tools for R410A (The following table shows whether conventional tools can be used or not.)

Tools and materials	Use	R410A tools	Can R22 tools be used?	Can R407C tools be used?
Gauge manifold	Air purge, refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge hose	and operation check	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Gas leak detector	Gas leak check	Tool for HFC refrigerant	×	0
Refrigerant recovery equipment	Refrigerant recovery	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Refrigerant cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Safety charger	Prevent compressor malfunction when charging refrigerant by spraying liquid refrigerant	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge valve	Prevent gas from blowing out when detaching charge hose	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Vacuum pump	Vacuum drying and air	Tools for other refrigerants can	$\triangle$ (Usable if equipped	$\triangle$ (Usable if equipped
	purge	be used if equipped with adop-	with adopter for rever-	with adopter for rever-
		ter for reverse flow check	se flow)	se flow)
Bender	Bend the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	Ó	Ó
Pipe cutter	Cut the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used		
		10013 101 Other Terrigerants can be used	0	
Welder and nitrogen gas cylinder	Weld the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Welder and nitrogen gas cylinder Refrigerant charging scale	Weld the pipes Charge refrigerant	Tools for other refrigerants can be used Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0 0 0	0 0 0
Welder and nitrogen gas cylinder Refrigerant charging scale Vacuum gauge or thermis-	Weld the pipes Charge refrigerant Check the degree of vacuum. (Vacuum	Tools for other refrigerants can be used Tools for other refrigerants can be used Tools for other refrigerants can be used		0 0 0 0
Welder and nitrogen gas cylinder Refrigerant charging scale Vacuum gauge or thermis- tor vacuum gauge and	Weld the pipes Charge refrigerant Check the degree of vacuum. (Vacuum valve prevents back flow of oil and refri-	Tools for other refrigerants can be used Tools for other refrigerants can be used Tools for other refrigerants can be used Cools for other refrigerants can be used		0 0 0
Welder and nitrogen gas cylinder Refrigerant charging scale Vacuum gauge or thermis- tor vacuum gauge and vacuum valve	Weld the pipes Charge refrigerant Check the degree of vacuum. (Vacuum valve prevents back flow of oil and refri- gerant to thermistor vacuum gauge)	Tools for other refrigerants can be used Tools for other refrigerants can be used Tools for other refrigerants can be used		

imes : Prepare a new tool. (Use the new tool as the tool exclusive for R410A.)

 $\triangle$ : Tools for other refrigerants can be used under certain conditions.  $\bigcirc$ : Tools for other refrigerants can be used.

## 1-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR SALT PROOF TYPE "-BS" MODEL

Although "-BS" model has been designed to be resistant to salt damage, observe the following precautions to maintain the performance of the unit.

- 1. Avoid installing the uint in a location where it will be exposed directly to seawater or sea breeze.
- 2. If the cover panel may become covered with salt, be sure to install the unit in a location where the salt will be washed away by rainwater. (If a sunshade is installed, rainwater may not clean the panel.)
- 3. To ensure that water does not collect in the base of the outdoor unit, make sure that the base is level, not at angle. Water collecting in the base of the outdoor unit could cause rust.
- 4. If the unit is installed in a coastal area, clean the unit with water regularly to remove any salt build-up.
- 5. If the unit is damaged during installation or maintenance, be sure to repair it.
- 6. Be sure to check the condition of the unit regularly.
- 7. Be sure to install the unit in a location with good drainage.

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

## PI1H7-W50VHA(-BS)

		5)				
Power supply (Phase, Voltage, Frequency) $1\phi$ , 230V, 50Hz						
Nominal wate	er flow rate (H	14.3				
Heating	Capacity		kW	(Min.1.50~) 5.00		
(A7/W35) COP				4.10		
. ,	Power inpu	kW		1.22		
Heating	Capacity		kW	(Min.1.50~) 5.00		
(A2/W35)	COP			3.13		
, ,	Power inpu	t	kW	1.60		
Pressure diffe	erence (wate	r circuit)	kPa	12		
Heating pump	o input (base	d on EN14511)	kW	0.01		
Nominal wate	r flow rate (	Cooling mode)	L/min	12.9		
Cooling	Capacity	)	kW	4.50		
(A35/W7)	FFR (COP)			2.94		
(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Power input	t	kW/	1 53		
Cooling	Canacity		kW/	4 50		
(A35/W18)	FER (COP)		1. 7 7	4 13		
(100,1110)	Power input	, t	k\//	1 00		
Pressure diffe	rence (wate	r circuit)	kPa	1.00		
	input (baca	d op EN14511	KF a	0.01		
Note: "COD" and		$\frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$		U.U.I		
Note: COP and			values that	at contains the pump input (based		
	specification	5				
	1		P			
Running curre	ent	Heating(A7/W35)	A	5.4		
		Cooling(A35/W7)	A	6.8		
Power factor		Heating(A7/W35)	%	97		
		Cooling(A35/W7)	%	97		
Max. current			A	13.0		
Breaker size			A	16		
Outer casing				Galvanized plate		
External finish	า			Munsell 3Y 7.8/1.1		
Refrigerant co	ontrol			Linear expansion valve		
Compressor				Hermetic twin rotary		
		Model		SNB130FGCM		
		Motor output	kW	0.9		
		Start type		Inverter		
		Protection device	s	HP switch		
				Discharge thermo		
				Comp. Surface thermo		
		Oil (Model)	L	0.35 (FV50S)		
Crankcase he	eater		W	-		
Heat exchang	ger	Air		Plate fin coil		
		Water		Plate heat exchanger		
Fan		Fan(drive)×No.		Propeller fan × 1		
		Fan motor output	kW	0.086		
		Air flow	m <sup>3</sup> /min	50		
			(CFM)	(1,760)		
Defrost metho	od	1	、 /	Reverse cycle *1		
Noise level (S	SPL)	Heating	dB	46 *2		
	,	Cooling	dB	45 <sup>*2</sup>		

Cooling

Width

Depth

Height

Quantity

Heating

Cooling

Heating

Heating

Cooling

Dimensions

Refrigerant

Guaranteed operating

(Max in heating, Min in cooling) Cooling

range (Outdoor)

Return water

Outlet water temp.

temperature range

Water flow rate range

Weight

mm (in.)

mm (in.)

mm (in.)

kg (lbs)

kg (lbs)

°C

°C

°C

°C

°C

°C

L/min

Nominal operating condition	
Heating(A7/W35)	
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 7°C
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 6°C
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+30/+35°C
Heating(A2/W35)	
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 2°C
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 1°C
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	—/+35°C
Cooling(A35/W7)	
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+35°C
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+12/+7°C
Cooling(A35/W18)	
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+35°C
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+23/+18°C

on EN 14511) ".





\*1 Hot gas with four-way valve

\*2 at distance of 1m from outdoor unit

\*3 grill

\*4 With the optional air outlet guide, the operation at -15°C outdoor temperature is possible.

950 (37-3/8)

330 +30 \*3 (13+1-3/16)

740 (29-3/16)

64 (141)

R410A

1.7 (3.7)

-15 ~ +35

-5<sup>\*4</sup> ~ +46

+60

+5 +5 ~ +59 +8 ~ +28 6.5 ~ 14.3

P۱	Jŀ	ΙZ-	W	85	VH	A(	(-BS)
----	----	-----	---	----	----	----	-------

Power supply (Phase, Voltage, Frequency)		1φ, 230V, 50Hz	
Nominal water flow rate (Heating mode) L/mi		L/min	25.8
Heating	Capacity	kW	(Min.2.70 ~) 9.00
(A7/W35)	COP	_	3.85
	Power input	kW	2.34
Heating	Capacity	kW	(Min.2.60 ~) 8.50
(A2/W35)	COP		2.95
	Power input	kW	2.88
Pressure diffe	erence (water circuit)	kPa	20
Heating pump input (based on EN14511)		kW	0.03
Nominal wate	er flow rate (Cooling mode)	L/min	21.5
Cooling	Capacity	kW	7.50
(A35/W7)	EER (COP)		2.39
	Power input	kW	3.14
Cooling	Capacity	kW	7.50
(A35/W18)	EER (COP)		3.87
	Power input	kW	1.94
Pressure diffe	erence (water circuit)	kPa	15
Cooling pump input (based on EN14511)		kW	0.02

Nominal operating condition				
Heating(A7/W35)				
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 7°C			
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 6°C			
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+30/+35°C			
Heating(A2/W35)	•			
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 2°C			
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 1°C			
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	_/+35℃			
Cooling(A35/W7)				
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+35°C			
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C			
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+12/+7°C			
Cooling(A35/W18)				
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+35°C			
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C			
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+23/+18°C			

Note: "COP" and "Power input" in the above table are values that contains the "pump input (based on EN 14511)".

Outdoor unit specification	S			
Model name	P	UHZ-W85VHA(-BS)		
Running current	Heating(A7/W35)	A	10.3	
	Cooling(A35/W7)	A	13.7	
Power factor	Heating(A7/W35)	%	98	
	Cooling(A35/W7)	%	98	
Max. current		A	23.0	
Breaker size		A	25	
Outer casing			Galvanized plate	
External finish			Munsell 3Y 7.8/1.1	
Refrigerant control			Linear expansion valve	
Compressor			Hermetic twin rotary	
	Model		TNB220FLHM1	
	Motor output	kW	1.3	
	Start type		Inverter	
	Protection device	s	HP switch	
			Discharge thermo	
			-	
	Oil (Model)	L	0.67 (FV50S)	
Crankcase heater		W	-	
Heat exchanger	Air		Plate fin coil	
	Water		Plate heat exchanger	
Fan	Fan(drive)×No.		Propeller fan × 1	
	Fan motor output	kW	0.060	
	Air flow	m³/min	55	
		(CFM)	(1,940)	
Defrost method			Reverse cycle *1	
Noise level (SPL)	Heating	dB	48 <sup>*2</sup>	
	Cooling	dB	48 <sup>*2</sup>	
Dimensions	Width	mm (in.)	950 (37-3/8)	
	Depth	mm (in.)	330 +30 <sup>*3</sup> (13+1-3/16)	
	Height	mm (in.)	943 (37-1/8)	
Weight	•	kg (lbs)	77 (170)	
Refrigerant			R410A	
	Quantity	kg (lbs)	2.4 (5.3)	
Guaranteed operating	Heating	°C ∩	-20 ~ +35	
range (Outdoor)	Cooling	⊃°C	-5 ~ +46	
Outlet water temp.		- <u>C</u>	+60	
Return water	Heating		+5 ~ +59	
Itemperature range	Cooling		+8 ~ +28	
Water flow rate range		I /min	10.0 ~ 25.8	
in a con nom rate range			10.0 20.0	





\*1 Hot gas with four-way valve

\*2 at distance of 1m from outdoor unit

\*3 grill

\*4 With the optional air outlet guide, the operation at  $-15^\circ\!C$  outdoor temperature is possible.

#### PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS)

Power supply	(Phase, Voltage, Frequency)	3φ, 400V, 50Hz		
Nominal water flow rate (Heating mode)		L/min	32.1	
Heating	Capacity	kW	(Min. 3.40 ~) 11.20	
(A7/W35)	COP		4.24	
	Power input	kW	2.64	
Heating	Capacity	kW	(Min. 3.40 ~) 11.20	
(A2/W35)	СОР		3.01	
	Power input	kW	3.72	
Pressure difference (water circuit)		kPa	6	
Heating pump input (based on EN14511)		kW	0.01	
Nominal wate	er flow rate (Cooling mode)	L/min	28.7	
Cooling	Capacity	kW	10.00	
(A35/W7)	EER (COP)		2.72	
	Power input	kW	3.68	
Cooling	Capacity	kW	10.00	
(A35/W18)	/W18) EER (COP)		4.07	
	Power input	kW	2.46	
Pressure diffe	erence (water circuit)	kPa	5	
Cooling pump	o input (based on EN14511)	kW	0.01	

Nominal operating condition				
Heating(A7/W35)				
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 7°C			
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 6°C			
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+30/+35°C			
Heating(A2/W35)				
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 2°C			
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 1°C			
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	—/+35℃			
Cooling(A35/W7)				
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+35°C			
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C			
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+12/+7°C			
Cooling(A35/W18)				
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+35°C			
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C			
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+23/+18°C			

Note: "COP" and "Power input" in the above table are values that contains the "pump input (based on EN 14511)". Outdoor unit specifications

	<u> </u>						
Model name		PU	PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS)				
Running current	Heating(A7/W35)	A	4.0				
	Cooling(A35/W7)	A	5.6				
Power factor	Heating(A7/W35)	%	95				
	Cooling(A35/W7)	%	95				
Max. current		A	13.0				
Breaker size		A	16				
Outer casing			Galvanized plate				
External finish			Munsell 3Y 7.8/1.1				
Refrigerant control			Linear expansion valve				
Compressor			Hermetic scroll				
-	Model		ANB33FJFMT				
	Motor output	kW	2.5				
	Start type		Inverter				
	Protection device	es	HP switch				
			LP switch				
			Discharge thermo				
	Oil (Model)	L	0.9 (FV50S)				
Crankcase heater		W	-				
Heat exchanger	Air	1	Plate fin coil				
5	Water		Plate heat exchanger				
Fan	Fan(drive)×No.		Propeller fan × 2				
	Fan motor output	kW	0.074 x 2				
	Air flow	m <sup>3</sup> /min	100				
		(CFM)	(3,530)				
Defrost method		<b></b>	Reverse cvcle *1				
Noise level (SPL)	Heating	dB	53 <sup>*2</sup>				
	Cooling	dB	53 <sup>*2</sup>				
Dimensions	Width	mm (in.)	1020 (40-3/16)				
	Depth	mm (in.)	330 +30 <sup>*3</sup> (13+1-3/16)				
	Height	mm (in.)	1350 (53-1/8)				
Weight		kg (lbs)	148 (326)				
Refrigerant			R410A				
	Quantity	kg (lbs)	4.0 (8.8)				
Guaranteed operating	Heating	°C	-25 ~ +35				
range (Outdoor)	Cooling	°C ∣	-5 <sup>*4</sup> ~ +46				
Outlet water temp.	Heating	⊃° ∣	+60				
(Max in heating, Min in cooling)	Cooling	) °C	+5				
Return water	Heating		+5 ~ +59				
temperature range	Cooling	<u> </u>	+8 ~ +28				
vvater flow rate range		L/min	14.4 ~ <u>32.1</u>				





ot gas with four-way valve

distance of 1m from outdoor unit

ill

ith the optional air outlet guide, the operation at 5°C outdoor temperature is possible.

PUHZ-HW140VHA(-BS)	PUHZ-HW140YHA(-BS)
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Power supply	(Phase, Voltage, Frequency)		1/3φ, 230/400V, 50Hz
Nominal wate	er flow rate (Heating mode)	L/min	40.1
Heating	Capacity	kW	(Min. 4.20 ~ ) 14.00
(A7/W35)	COP		4.19
	Power input	kW	3.34
Heating	Capacity	kW	(Min. 4.20 ~ ) 14.00
(A2/W35)	COP	-	2.69
	Power input	kW	5.21
Pressure diffe	erence (water circuit)	kPa	9
Heating pump	o input (based on EN14511)	kW	0.02
Nominal wate	er flow rate (Cooling mode)	L/min	35.8
Cooling	Capacity	kW	12.50
(A35/W7)	EER (COP)		2.59
	Power input	kW	4.82
Cooling	Capacity	kW	12.50
(A35/W18)	EER (COP)		4.01
	Power input	kW	3.12
Pressure diffe	erence (water circuit)	kPa	7
Cooling pump	o input (based on EN14511)	kW	0.02

Nominal operating condition							
Heating(A7/W35)							
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 7°C						
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 6°C						
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+30/+35°C						
Heating(A2/W35)							
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 2°C						
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 1°C						
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	—/+35℃						
Cooling(A35/W7)							
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+35°C						
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C						
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+12/+7°C						
Cooling(A35/W18)							
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+35°C						
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C						
Water temperature (inlet/outlet) +23/+18°C							

Note: "COP" and "Power input" in the above table are values that contains the "pump input (based on EN 14511) ".

Outdoor unit specifications	S					
Model name		PU PL	PUHZ-HW140VHA(-BS) / PUHZ-HW140YHA(-BS)			
Running current	Heating(A7/W35)	A	14.9 / 5.1			
-	Cooling(A35/W7)	A	21.5 / 7.3			
Power factor	Heating(A7/W35)	%	97 / 95			
	Cooling(A35/W7)	%	97 / 95			
Max. current		A	35.0 / 13.0			
Breaker size		A	40 / 16			
Outer casing		1	Galvanized plate			
External finish			Munsell 3Y 7.8/1.1			
Refrigerant control			Linear expansion valve			
Compressor			Hermetic scroll			
	Model		ANB33FJGMT/ANB33FJFMT			
	Motor output	kW	2.5			
	Start type	1	Inverter			
	Protection device	s	HP switch			
		-	LP switch			
			Discharge thermo			
	Oil (Model)	L	0.9 (FV50S)			
Crankcase heater	- ( )	w	-			
Heat exchanger	Air		Plate fin coil			
	Water		Plate heat exchanger			
Fan	Fan(drive)×No.		Propeller fan × 2			
	Fan motor output	kW	0.074 x 2			
	Air flow	m <sup>3</sup> /min	100			
		(CFM)	(3,530)			
Defrost method			Reverse cvcle *1			
Noise level (SPL)	Heating	dB	53 <sup>*2</sup>			
	Cooling	dB	53 <sup>*2</sup>			
Dimensions	Width	mm (in.)	1020 (40-3/16)			
	Depth	mm (in.)	330 +30 <sup>*3</sup> (13+1-3/16)			
	Height	mm (in.)	1350 (53-1/8)			
Weight		kg (lbs)	134 (296) / 148 (326)			
Refrigerant	-		R410A			
	Quantity	kg (lbs)	4.0 (8.8)			
Guaranteed operating	Heating	°C	-25 ~ +35			
range (Outdoor)	Cooling	<u>°C</u>	-5 ° ~ +46			
Outlet water temp.	Heating	<u> </u>	+60			
(Iviax in heating, Min in cooling)	Looting		+5			
temperature range	Cooling		+8 ~ +28			
Water flow rate range	Cooling	L/min	17.9 ~ 40.1			
water now rate range			17.5 - 40.1			





\*1 Hot gas with four-way valve

\*2 at distance of 1m from outdoor unit

\*3 grill

\*4 With the optional air outlet guide, the operation at  $-15^\circ C$  outdoor temperature is possible.

## **3-1. NOISE CRITERION CURVES**









## PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS)

## **3-2. STANDARD OPERATION DATA**

Mode	Node			Cooling (A35/W7)	Heating (A7/W35)	Cooling (A35/W7)	Heating (A7/W35)	Cooling (A35/W7)	Heating (A7/W35)	Cooling (A35/W7)	Heating (A7/W35)	
tal	Capacity		w	4,500	5,000	7,500	9,000	10,000	11,200	12,500	14,000	
μË	Input		kW	1.52	1.21	3.12	2.31	3.67	2.63	4.80	3.32	
uit	Outdoor unit			PUHZ-W50VHA		PUHZ-W85VHA		PUHZ-HW112YHA		PUHZ-HW140VHA / PUHZ-HW140YHA		
al circ	Phase, Hz			1, 50		1, 50		3, 50		1/3	8, 50	
ectric	Voltage V		V	23	230		230		400		230 / 400	
	Current		A	6.8	5.4	13.7	10.3	5.6	4.0	21.5 / 7.3	14.9 / 5.1	
	Discharge pressure		MPa	2.51	2.13	2.81	2.21	2.63	2.07	2.81	2.11	
circuit	Suction pressure		MPa	0.83	0.68	0.73	0.64	0.78	0.69	0.78	0.66	
erant	Discharge temperature		°C	69	68	80	65	78	64	84	67	
Refrig	Condensing temper	rature	°C	43	37	46	38	46	36	47	37	
	Suction temperatu	re	°C	6	6	3	-1	9	5	11	3	
ter tions	Flow volume	Flow volume L/mir		12.9	14.3	20.4	25.8	28.7	32.1	35.8	40.1	
Wa condi	Outlet water temperature		°C	7	35	7	35	7	35	7	35	
toor tions	Intake air	D.B.	°C	35	7	35	7	35	7	35	7	
outde Conditi ter	temperature	W.B.	°C	24	6	24	6	24	6	24	6	

The unit of pressure has been changed to MPa based on international SI system. The conversion factor is:  $1 (MPa) = 10.2 (kgf/cm^2)$ 

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## **OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS**

## PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS)

Unit: mm





Unit: mm



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### PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS)

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		-		
SYMBOL	NAME		SYMBOL	NAME
TB1	Terminal Block <power <="" supply,interface="" td="" unit=""><td>CB1-3</td><td>Main Smocthing Capacitor</td></power>		CB1-3	Main Smocthing Capacitor
	Flow temp. controller>		PFC/IPM	Power Module
MC	Motor for Compressor	Ν	I.F.	Noise Filter Circuit Board
MF1	Fan Motor		LI,LO	Connection Terminal <l-phase></l-phase>
21S4	Solenoid Valve <four-way valve=""></four-way>		NI,NO	Connection Terminal <n-phase></n-phase>
SV	Solenoid Valve <bypass valve=""></bypass>		EI,E2,E3	Connection Terminal <ground></ground>
63H	High Pressure Switch		52C	52C Relay
63HS	High Pressure Sensor		С.В.	Controller Circuit Board
TH3	Thermistor <liquid></liquid>		SW1	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH4	Thermistor <discharge></discharge>		SW2	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH6	Thermistor <plate hex="" liquid=""></plate>		SW5	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH7	Thermistor <ambient></ambient>		SW6	Switch <model select=""></model>
TH8	Thermistor <heatsink></heatsink>		SW8	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH32	Thermistor <inlet water=""></inlet>		SW10	Switch <model select=""></model>
TH33	Thermistor <comp surface=""></comp>		SV1	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
LEV-A, LEV-B	Electronic Expansion Valve		CNDM	Connector
ACL	Reactor			<connection (contact="" for="" input)="" option=""></connection>
CY1,CY2	Capacitor		LED3	LED <operation indicators="" inspection=""></operation>
P.B.	Power Circuit Board		F1~ F4	Fuse <t6.3al250v></t6.3al250v>
R/S	Connection Terminal <l n-phase=""></l>	1	X52,X54, X55	Relay
11/1////	Connection Terminal <1 1///// Dhases			



## PUHZ-W85VHA(-BS)

	1	-		
SYMBOL	SYMBOL NAME		SYMBOL	NAME
TB1	Terminal Block < Power Supply, Interface unit /		TABN1/N2	Connection Terminal <dc voltage=""></dc>
	Flow temp. controller>		DS2, DS3	Diode bridge
MC	Motor for Compressor		IPM	Power Module
MF1	Fan Motor	Ν	1.F.	Noise Filter Circuit Board
21S4	Solenoid Valve <four-way valve=""></four-way>		LI,LO	Connection Terminal <l-phase></l-phase>
SV	Solenoid Valve < Bypass Valve>		NI,NO	Connection Terminal <n-phase></n-phase>
63H	High Pressure Switch		EI,E2	Connection Terminal <ground></ground>
63HS	High Pressure Sensor		52C	52C Relay
TH3	Thermistor <liquid></liquid>	C	С.В.	Controller Circuit Board
TH4	Thermistor <discharge></discharge>		SW1	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH6	Thermistor <plate hex="" liquid=""></plate>		SW2	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH7	Thermistor <ambient></ambient>		SW5	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH8	Thermistor <heatsink></heatsink>		SW6	Switch <model select=""></model>
TH32	Thermistor <inlet water=""></inlet>		SW8	Switch <function switch=""></function>
LEV-A, LEV-B	Electronic Expansion Valve		SW10	Switch <model select=""></model>
DCL Reactor			SV1	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
ACTM Active Filter Module			CNDM	Connector
CY1,CY2 Capacitor				<connection for="" input)="" option(contact=""></connection>
P.B.	Power Circuit Board		LED3	LED <operation indicators="" inspection=""></operation>
TABU/V/W	BU/V/W Connection Terminal <u v="" w-phase=""></u>		F1~ F4	Fuse <t6.3al250v></t6.3al250v>
TABS/T	Connection Terminal <l n-phase=""></l>		X52,X54, X55	Relay



### PUHZ-HW140VHA(-BS)

SYMBOL	NAME	Ρ	.В.	Power Circuit Board
TB1	Terminal Block <power <="" interface="" supply,="" td="" unit=""><td></td><td>U/V/W</td><td>Connection Terminal<u v="" w-phase=""></u></td></power>		U/V/W	Connection Terminal <u v="" w-phase=""></u>
	Flow Temp. controller-Outdoor>		LI	Connection Terminal <l-phase></l-phase>
MC	Motor for Compressor		NI	Connection Terminal <n-phase></n-phase>
MF1,MF2	Fan Motor		DCL1,DCL2	Connection Terminal <reactor></reactor>
21S4	Solenoid Valve <four-way valve=""></four-way>		IGBT	Power Module
63H	High Pressure Switch		EI,E2,E3,E4	Connection Terminal <ground></ground>
63L	Low Pressure Switch	С	с.в.	Controller Circuit Board
63HS	High Pressure Sensor		SW1	Switch <manual defect="" defrost,="" history<="" td=""></manual>
TH3	Thermistor <liquid></liquid>			Record Reset, Function Switch>
TH4	Thermistor <discharge></discharge>		SW2	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH6	Thermistor <plate hex="" liquid=""></plate>		SW5	Switch <function select="" switch,model=""></function>
TH7	Thermistor <ambient></ambient>		SW6	Switch <model select=""></model>
TH32	Thermistor <return water=""></return>		SW8	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH33	Thermistor <suction></suction>		CN31	Connector <emergency operation=""></emergency>
LEV-A, LEV-B, LEV-C	Electronic Expansion Valve		SS	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
DCL	Reactor		SV1	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
CB	Main Smoothing Capacitor		CNDM	Connector
CY1,CY2	Capacitor			<connection for="" input)="" option(contact=""></connection>
			LED3	LED <operation indicators="" inspection=""></operation>
			F1,F2,F3,F4	Fuse <t6.3al250v></t6.3al250v>
			X51,X52, X54	Relay



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## PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140YHA(-BS)

SYMBOL	NAME		SYMBOL	NAME
TB1	Terminal Block <power supply=""></power>	١	N.F.	Noise Filter Circuit Board
TB2	Terminal Block <interface flow="" td="" temp.<="" unit=""><td></td><td>LI1/LI2/LI3/NI</td><td>Connection Terminal<l1 l2="" l3="" n-power="" supply=""></l1></td></interface>		LI1/LI2/LI3/NI	Connection Terminal <l1 l2="" l3="" n-power="" supply=""></l1>
	controller-Outdoor>		L01/L02/L03/N0	Connection Terminal <l1 l2="" l3="" n-power="" supply=""></l1>
MC	Motor for Compressor		GD1,GD3	Connection Terminal <ground></ground>
MF1,MF2	Fan Motor	0	CONV.B.	Converter Circuit Board
21S4	Solenoid Valve <four-way valve=""></four-way>		L1-A1/IN	Connection Terminal <l1-power supply=""></l1-power>
63H	High Pressure Switch		L1-A2/OU	Connection Terminal <l1-power supply=""></l1-power>
63L	Low Pressure Switch		L2-A2/OU	Connection Terminal <l2-power supply=""></l2-power>
63HS	High Pressure Sensor		L3-A2/OU	Connection Terminal <l3-power supply=""></l3-power>
TH3	Thermistor <liquid></liquid>	1	N-IN	Connection Terminal <n-power supply=""></n-power>
TH4	Thermistor <discharge></discharge>	1	CK-OU	Connection Terminal
TH6 Thermistor <plate hex="" liquid=""></plate>		(	с.в.	Controller Circuit Board
TH7	Thermistor <ambient></ambient>		SW1	Switch <manual defect="" defrost,="" history<="" td=""></manual>
TH32	Thermistor <inlet water=""></inlet>			Record Reset, Function Switch>
TH33	Thermistor <suction></suction>		SW2	Switch <function switch=""></function>
LEV-A, LEV-B, LEV-C	Electronic Expansion Valve	1	SW5	Switch <function select="" switch,model=""></function>
ACL1/2/3/4	Reactor		SW6	Switch <model select=""></model>
RS	Rush Current Protect Resistor		SW8	Switch <function switch=""></function>
CB1,CB2	Main Smoothing Capacitor		CN31	Connector <emergency operation=""></emergency>
СК	Capacitor		SS	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
P.B.	Power Circuit Board		SV1	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
TB-U/V/W	TB-U/V/W Connection Terminal <u v="" w-phase=""></u>		CNDM	Connector
TB-L1/L2/L3	Connection Terminal <l1 l2="" l3-power="" supply=""></l1>	1		<connection (contact="" for="" input)="" option=""></connection>
TB-P2	Connection Terminal		LED3	LED <operation indicators="" inspection=""></operation>
TB-C1	Connection Terminal	1	F1,F2,F3,F4	Fuse <t6.3al250v></t6.3al250v>
TB-N1	Connection Terminal	1	X51,X52, X54	Relay
VEDA	500 Delau			



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## FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING (power wiring specifications)

Outdoor	unit model		50 V	85 V	140 V	112 Y,140 Y
Outdoor	unit power supply		~/N (single), 50 Hz, 230 V	~/N (single), 50 Hz, 230 V	~/N (single), 50 Hz, 230 V	3N~ (3phase), 50 Hz, 400 V
Outdoor unit Circuit Breaker capacity *1		16 A	25 A	40 A	16 A	
× (	Outdoor unit power supply, earth		3 × Min. 1.5	3 × Min. 4	3 × Min. 6	5 × Min. 1.5
no. Mu	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-Outdoor unit	*2	3 × 1.5 (polar)			
Wir ire (	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-Outdoor unit earth	*2	1 × Min. 1.5			
si: <	Remote controller-Interface unit/Flow temp. controller		2 × 0.3 (Non-polar)			
tting	Outdoor unit L-N (single) Outdoor unit L1-N, L2-N, L3-N (3phase)	*3	AC 230 V	AC 230 V	AC 230 V	AC 230 V
itra	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-Outdoor unit S1-S2	*3	AC 230 V	AC 230 V	AC 230 V	AC 230 V
Lcu	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-Outdoor unit S2-S3	*3	DC 24 V	DC 24 V	DC 24 V	DC 24 V
Ö	Remote controller-Interface unit/Flow temp. controller	*3	DC 12 V	DC 12 V	DC 12 V	DC 12 V

\*1.A breaker with at least 3.0 mm contact separation in each poles shall be provided. Use earth leakage breaker (NV).

\*2.Max. 80 m

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\*3. The gures are NOT always against the ground.

S3 terminal has DC 24 V against S2 terminal. However between S3 and S1, these terminals are NOT electrically insulated by the transformer or other device.

#### Notes: 1. Wiring size must comply with the applicable local and national codes.

- 2. Power supply cables and the cables between Controller and Outdoor unit shall not be lighter than polychloroprene sheathed flexible cables.
  - (Design 60245 IEC 57)
- 3. Be sure to connect the cables between Controller and Outdoor unit directly to the units (no intermediate connections are allowed).

Intermediate connections may result in communication errors. If water enters at the intermediate connection point, it may cause insufficient insulation to ground or a poor electrical contact.

(If an intermediate connection is necessary, be sure to take measures to prevent water from entering the cables.)

4. Install an earth longer than other cables.



A Warning:

In case of A-control wiring,

there is high voltage potential on the S3 terminal caused by electrical circuit design that has no electrical insulation between

power line and communication signal line. Therefore, please turn off the main power supply when servicing. And do not touch the S1, S2, S3 terminals when the power is energized. If isolator should be used between Interface unit/Flow temp. controller and outdoor unit, please use 3-pole type.

PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS) PUHZ-W85VHA(-BS)

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Symbol	Part name	Detail
COMP	Compressor	DC inverter twin rotary compressor (Mitsubishi Electric Corporation)
H/P SW	High pressure switch (63H)	For protection (OFF:4.15MPa)
Plate HEX	Plate Heat Exchanger	ACH30 - 30 Plates (Alfa Laval):W50 / ACH30 - 40 Plates (Alfa Laval):W85
REV/V	Reversing (4-way) valve (21S4)	Change the refrigerant circuit (Heating / Cooling) and for Defrosting
S/V	Solenoid valve	For production test use
CHECK/V	Check valve	High pressure / Low pressure / For production test use
P-Sensor	Pressure sensor (63HS)	For calculation of the condensing temperature from high pressure
P/B	Power board	Inverter power board
LEV-A	Linear expansion valve -A	Heating:Secondary LEV Cooling:Primary LEV
LEV-B	Linear expansion valve -B	Heating:Primary LEV Cooling:Secondary LEV
TH32	Inlet water temperature thermistor	For freeze protection and for compressor frequency control
TH3	Liquid temperature thermistor	Heating:Evaporating temperature Cooling:Sub cool liquid temperature
TH4	Discharge temperature thermistor	For LEV control and for compressor protection
TH6	Plate HEX liquid temperature thermistor	Heating:Sub cool liquid temperature Cooling:Evaporating temperature
TH7	Ambient temperature thermistor	For fan control and for compressor frequency control
TH8	Heatsink temperature thermistor	For power board protection
TH33	Comp.shell temperature thermistor	For compressor protection
Receiver	Receiver	For accumulation of refrigerant

## PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140VHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140YHA(-BS)



Symbol	Part name	Detail
COMP	Compressor	DC inverter scroll compressor (Mitsubishi Electric Corporation)
H/P SW	High pressure switch (63H)	For protection (OFF:4.15MPa)
L/P SW	Low pressure switch (63L)	For protection (OFF:-0.03MPa)
Plate HEX	Plate Heat Exchanger	ACH50 - 50 Plates (Alfa Laval)
REV/V	Reversing (4-way) valve (21S4)	Change the refrigerant circuit (Heating / Cooling) and for Defrosting
STOP VALVE	Stop valve	For production test use
CHECK/V	Check valve	High pressure / Low pressure / For production test use
P-Sensor	Pressure sensor (63HS)	For calculation of the condensing temperature from high pressure
P/B	Power board	Inverter power board
LEV-A	Linear expansion valve -A	Heating:Secondary LEV Cooling:Primary LEV
LEV-B	Linear expansion valve -B	Heating:Primary LEV Cooling:Secondary LEV
LEV-C	Linear expansion valve -C	For HIC (heating only)
TH33	Suction temperature thermistor	For LEV control
TH32	Inlet water temperature thermistor	For freeze protection and for compressor frequency control
TH3	Liquid temperature thermistor	Heating:Evaporating temperature Cooling:Sub cool liquid temperature
TH4	Discharge temperature thermistor	For LEV control and for compressor protection
TH6	Plate HEX liquid temperature thermistor	Heating:Sub cool liquid temperature Cooling:Evaporating temperature
TH7	Ambient temperature thermistor	For fan control and for compressor frequency control
TH8	Heatsink temperature thermistor	For power board protection
Power Receiver	Power Receiver	For accumulation of refrigerant
HIC	Heat interchange circuit	For high heating capacity

## 8-1. TROUBLESHOOTING

<Error code display by self-diagnosis and actions to be taken for service (summary)>

Present and past error codes are logged and displayed on the control board of outdoor unit. Actions to be taken for service, which depends on whether or not the trouble is reoccurring at service, are summarized in the table below. Check the contents below before investigating details.

Unit conditions at service	Error code	Actions to be taken for service (summary)
The trouble is reconcurring	Displayed	Judge what is wrong and take a corrective action according to "8-3. Self-diagnosis action table".
The trouble is reoccurring.	Not displayed	Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble.
The trouble is not reoccurring.	Logged	<ul> <li>①Consider the temporary defects such as the work of protection devices in the refrigerant circuit including compressor, poor connection of wiring, noise and etc. Re-check the symptom, and check the installation environment, refrigerant amount, weather when the trouble occurred, matters related to wiring and etc.</li> <li>②Reset error code logs and restart the unit after finishing service.</li> <li>③There is no abnormality in electrical component, controller board, and etc.</li> </ul>
	Not logged	<ul> <li>①Re-check the abnormal symptom.</li> <li>②Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble.</li> <li>③Continue to operate unit for the time being if the cause is not ascertained.</li> <li>④There is no abnormality concerning of parts such as electrical component, controller board, and etc.</li> </ul>

## 8-2. CHECK POINT UNDER TEST RUN

#### Before test run

- After installation of outdoor units, piping work and electric wiring work, re-check that there is no water leakage, loosened connections and incorrect polarity.
- Measure impedance between the ground and the power supply terminal block (L, N) on the outdoor unit by 500 V Megger and check that it is 1.0 M $\Omega$  or over.
- Turn on power supply 12 hours before test run in order to protect compressor.
- Make sure to read operation manual before test run. (Especially items to secure safety.)

## 8-3. SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE

<Abnormalities detected when the power is turned on>

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action			
		<ol> <li>No voltage is supplied to termi- nal block(TB1) of outdoor unit.</li> <li>a) Power supply breaker is turned off.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>① Check following items.</li> <li>a) Power supply breaker</li> <li>b) Connection of power supply terminal</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>b) Contact failure or disconnection of power supply terminal</li> <li>c) Open phase (L or N phase)</li> </ul>	block.(TB1) c) Connection of power supply terminal block.(TB1)			
None	_	<ul> <li>(2) Electric power is not charged to power supply terminal of out-door power circuit board.</li> <li>a) Contact failure of power supply terminal</li> <li>b) Open phase on the outdoor power circuit board</li> <li>W50 :</li> <li>Disconnection of connector R or S W85 :</li> <li>Disconnection of connector TABT or TABS</li> <li>HW140V :</li> <li>Disconnection of connector LI, NI</li> <li>(3) Electric power is not supplied to outdoor controller circuit board.</li> <li>a) Disconnection of connector (CNDC)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(2) Check following items.</li> <li>a) Connection of power supply terminal block.(TB1)</li> <li>b) Connection of terminal on outdoor power circuit board.</li> <li>W50 :</li> <li>Check connection of the connector R or S. Refer to 8-6.</li> <li>W85 :</li> <li>Check connection of the connector TABT or TABS. Refer to 8-6.</li> <li>HW140V :</li> <li>Check connection of the connector LI or NI. Refer to 8-6.</li> <li>(3) Check connection of the connector, LD1 and LD2 for W50 and CNDC for W85/HW112/HW140, on the outdoor power circuit board (V) / poise filter(Y) Refer to 8-6.</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>④ Disconnection of reactor (DCL or ACL)</li> <li>⑤ Disconnection of outdoor noise filter circuit board or parts failure in outdoor noise filter circuit board</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(v) / hoise line(r). Refer to 8-6.</li> <li>Check connection of reactor. (DCL or ACL) W50 : Check connection of "LO" and "NO" on the outdoor noise filter circuit board. Check connection of "R" and "S" on the outdoor power circuit board.</li> <li>W85 : Check connection of "L1" and "L2" on the active filter module.(ACTM) Refer to 8-6.</li> <li>HW140V : Check connection of "DCL1" and "DCL2" on the outdoor power circuit board.</li> <li>(5) a) Check connection of outdoor noise filter circuit board. Refer to 8-6.</li> <li>b) Replace outdoor noise filter circuit board. Refer to 8-6.</li> </ul>			
		⑥ Defective outdoor power circuit board	Replace outdoor power circuit board.			
		<ul> <li>Defective outdoor controller circuit board</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Replace controller board (When items above are checked but the units can not be repaired.)</li> </ul>			
F3	<b>63L connector open</b> Abnormal if 63L connector circuit is open for 3 minutes continuously from being switched on. 63L: Low-pressure switch	<ol> <li>Disconnection or contact failure of 63L connector on outdoor controller circuit board</li> <li>Disconnection or contact failure of 63L</li> <li>63L is working due to refriger- ant leakage or defective parts.</li> <li>Defective outdoor controller circuit board</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check connection of 63L connector on outdoor controller circuit board. Refer to 8-6.</li> <li>Check the 63L side of connecting wire.</li> <li>Check refrigerant pressure. Charge additional refrigerant. Check continuity of 63L. Replace low pressure switch if it is defective.</li> <li>Replace outdoor controller circuit board.</li> </ol>			

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action
F5	<b>63H connector open</b> Abnormal if 63H connector circuit is open for 3 minutes continuously from being switched on. 63H: High-pressure switch	<ol> <li>Disconnection or contact failure of 63H connector on outdoor controller circuit board</li> <li>Disconnection or contact failure of 63H</li> <li>63H is working due to defective parts.</li> <li>Defective outdoor controller circuit board</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check connection of 63H connector on outdoor controller circuit board. Refer to 8-6.</li> <li>Check the 63H side of connecting wire.</li> <li>Check for continuity of 63H. Replace high pressure switch if it is defective.</li> <li>Replace outdoor controller circuit board.</li> </ol>
F9	<ul> <li>2 connector open</li> <li>Abnormal if both 63H and 63L connector circuits are open for 3 minutes continuously from being switched on.</li> <li>63H: High-pressure switch</li> <li>63L: Low-pressure switch</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Disconnection or contact failure of connector (63H,63L) on outdoor controller circuit board.</li> <li>Disconnection or contact failure of 63H, 63L</li> <li>63H and 63L are working due to defective parts.</li> <li>Defective outdoor controller board.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check connection of connector (63H,63L) on outdoor controller circuit board. Refer to 8-6.</li> <li>Check the 63H and 63L side of connecting wire.</li> <li>Check continuity of 63H and 63L. Replace the pressure switch if it is defective.</li> <li>Replace outdoor controller circuit board.</li> </ol>
EA	<ul> <li>Miswiring of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire</li> <li>1. Outdoor controller circuit board can automatically check the number of connected Interface unit/Flow temp. con- troller. Abnormal if the number cannot be checked automatically due to miswiring of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller- outdoor unit connecting wire and etc. after power is turned on for 4 minutes.</li> <li>2. Abnormal if outdoor controller circuit board recognizes excessive number of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Contact failure or miswiring of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller- outdoor unit connecting wire</li> <li>Diameter or length of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-out- door unit connecting wire is out of specified capacity.</li> <li>Excessive number of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller is connected to 1 outdoor unit.</li> <li>(2 units or more)</li> <li>Defective transmitting receiving circuit of outdoor controller circuit board</li> <li>Defective transmitting receiving circuit of Interface/Flow temp. controller board</li> <li>Noise has entered into power supply or Interface/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connect- ing wire.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check disconnection or looseness or polarity of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller and outdoor units.</li> <li>Check diameter and length of Interface unit/ Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire.</li> <li>Total wiring length: 80 m (Including wiring connecting each Interface unit/Flow temp. controller unit and between Interface unit/Flow temp. controller and out- door unit) Also check if the connection order of flat cable is S1, S2, S3.</li> <li>Check the number of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller that is connected to 1 out- door unit. (If EA is detected.)</li> <li>Turn the power off once, and on again to check. Replace outdoor controller circuit board or</li> </ol>
Eb	Miswiring of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire (converse wiring or disconnection) Outdoor controller circuit board can automatically set the unit number of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller. Abnormal if the Interface unit/Flow temp. controller number cannot be set within 4 minutes after power on because of miswir- ing (converse wiring or disconnection) of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire.	<ol> <li>Contact failure or miswiring of Interface unit/Flow temp. control- ler-outdoor unit connecting wire</li> <li>Diameter or length of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-out- door unit connecting wire is out of specified capacity.</li> <li>Defective transmitting receiving circuit of outdoor controller circuit board</li> <li>Defective transmitting receiving circuit of Interface/Flow temp. controller board</li> <li>Noise has entered into power supply or Interface unit/Flow temp. control- ler-outdoor unit connecting wire.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Interface/Flow temp. controller board if abnormality occurs again.</li> <li>© Check transmission path, and remove the cause.</li> <li>* The descriptions above, ①-⑥, are for EA, Eb and EC.</li> </ul>
EC	Start-up time over The unit cannot finish start-up process within 4 minutes after power on.	<ol> <li>Contact failure of Interface unit /Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire</li> <li>Diameter or length of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller- outdoor unit connecting wire is out of specified capacity.</li> <li>Noise has entered into power sup- ply or Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire.</li> </ol>	

## <Abnormalities detected while unit is operating>

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action
	High pressure (High-pressure switch 63H activated) Abnormal if high-pressure switch 63H is activated ( * ) during compressor opera- tion. * 4.15 MPa 63H: High-pressure switch	<ol> <li>Decreased water flow</li> <li>Clogged filter of water pipe</li> <li>Dirt of plate heat exchanger</li> <li>Locked water pump</li> <li>Malfunction of water pump</li> <li>Clogged or broken pipe</li> <li>Locked outdoor fan motor</li> <li>Malfunction of outdoor fan motor</li> <li>Short cycle of outdoor unit</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>①~⑤Check water circuit and repair the defect.</li> <li>⑥ Check piping and repair the defect.</li> <li>⑦~⑩ Check outdoor unit and repair the defect.</li> </ul>
U1		<ul> <li>Dirt of outdoor heat exchanger</li> <li>Decreased airflow caused by defective inspection of outside temperature thermistor (It detects lower temperature than actual temperature.)</li> <li>Disconnection or contact failure of connector (63H) on outdoor controller board</li> <li>Disconnection or contact failure of Coll connection</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Check the detected temperature of outside temperature thermistor on LED display. (SW2: Refer to 8-7.)</li> <li>Call Turn the power off and check F5 is displayed when the power is turned on again. When F5 is displayed, refer to "Judgment and action" for F5.</li> </ol>
		<ul> <li>of 63H connection</li> <li>@ Defective outdoor controller board</li> <li>(b) Defective operation of linear expansion valve</li> <li>(b) Malfunction of fan driving circuit</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) Check linear expansion valve. Refer to 8-5.</li> <li>(b) Replace outdoor controller board.</li> </ul>
U2	<ul> <li>High discharging temperature Abnormal if discharge temperature thermistor (TH4) exceeds 125°C or 110°C continuously for 5 minutes.</li> <li>Abnormal if during defrosting discharge temperature thermistor (TH4) exceeds 110°C continuously for 30 minutes.</li> <li>High comp. surface temperature (W50 only) Abnormal if comp. surface temperature (TH33) exceeds 125°C.</li> <li>In the case of high comp. surface tem- perature error, compressor does not restart unless the thermistor (TH33) becomes less than 95°C.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Overheated compressor operation caused by insufficient refrigerant</li> <li>Defective thermistor</li> <li>Defective outdoor controller board</li> <li>Defective operation of linear expansion valve</li> <li>In the case of the unit does not restart : Detection temp. of thermistor (TH33) ≧ 95°C</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check intake super heat. Check leakage of refrigerant. Charge additional refrigerant.</li> <li>Turn the power off and check if U3 is displayed when the power is turned ON again. When U3 is displayed, refer to "Judgement and action" for U3.</li> <li>Check linear expansion valve. Refer to 8-5.</li> </ol>
U3	Open/short circuit of discharge temperature thermistor (TH4)/comp. sur- face thermistor (TH33/W50 only) Abnormal if open (3°C or less) or short (217°C or more) is detected during compressor operation. (Open (3°C or less) detection is inopera- tive for 10 minutes of compressor starting process and for 10 minutes after or during defrosting.)	<ol> <li>Disconnection or contact failure of connector (TH4/TH33) on the outdoor controller circuit board.</li> <li>Defective thermistor</li> <li>Defective outdoor controller circuit board</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check connection of connector (TH4/TH32) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Check the lead wire for thermistor (TH4/ TH32). Refer to 8-6.</li> <li>Check resistance value of thermistor (TH4/ TH32) or temperature on LED display. (Thermistor/TH4/TH32: Refer to 8-5.) (SW2: Refer to 8-7.)</li> <li>Replace outdoor controller board.</li> </ol>

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Case			dgment and action		
U4	Open/short of outdoor unit thermistors (TH3, TH32, TH33, TH6, TH7, and TH8) Abnormal if open or short is detected during compressor operation. Open detection of thermistors TH3, TH32 and TH6 is not detected for 10 seconds to 10 minutes after compressor starting and 10 minutes after and during defrosting. * Check which unit has abnormality in its thermistor by switching the mode of SW2. (Refer to 8-7.) * HW112, 140 Heatsink thermistor (TH8) is in the power	<ul> <li>Disconnection or contact fai of connectors</li> <li>Outdoor controller circuit board: TH3, TH32, TH33, TH6/TH7</li> <li>Outdoor power circuit board CN3</li> <li>Defective thermistor</li> <li>Defective outdoor controller circuit board</li> </ul>	lure	<ul> <li>Check connection of connector (TH3, TH32, TH33, TH6/TH7) on the outdoor controller circui board.</li> <li>Check connection of connector (CN3) on the outdoor power circuit board.</li> <li>Check the lead wire for thermistor (TH3, TH32, TH33, TH6, TH7, TH8). Refer to 8-6.</li> <li>Check resistance value of thermistor (TH3, TH32, TH33, TH6, TH7, TH8) or check temperature on LED display.</li> <li>(Thermistor/TH3, TH32, TH33, TH6, TH7, TH8: Refer to 8-5.)</li> <li>(SW2: Refer to 8-7)</li> <li>Replace outdoor controller circuit board.</li> </ul>				
	module. Thermis	tors						
	Symbol Name	9	Op	ben detection	Short detection			
	TH3 Thermistor <liquid td="" temperature<=""><td>e&gt;</td><td>- 4</td><td>0°C or below</td><td>90°C or above</td><td>1</td></liquid>	e>	- 4	0°C or below	90°C or above	1		
	TH32 Thermistor < Iniet water temper	ature>	- 4	OC or below	102 C or above	1		
	TH6 Thermistor <plate hex="" liquid="" td="" to<=""><td>endiure&gt; HWTTZ, 140</td><td>- 4</td><td></td><td>90°C or above</td><td>1</td></plate>	endiure> HWTTZ, 140	- 4		90°C or above	1		
	TH7 Thermistor < Ambient temperat			0°C or below		1		
	TH8 Thermistor <heatsink td="" temperature<=""><td>e&gt; W50.85</td><td>- 3</td><td>5°C or below</td><td>102°C or above</td><td></td></heatsink>	e> W50.85	- 3	5°C or below	102°C or above			
	TH8 Internal thermistor HW112,140		- 3	5°C or below	170°C or above			
				1				
U5	Abnormal if heatsink thermistor (TH8) detects temperature indicated below. W50V	<ul> <li>The outdoor fan motor is locked.</li> <li>Failure of outdoor fan motor</li> <li>Air flow path is clogged.</li> <li>Ambient temperature is high</li> <li>Defective thermistor</li> <li>Defective input circuit of outdoor power circuit board</li> <li>Failure of outdoor fan drive circuit</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a) Check air fld</li> <li>b) (4) Check if the temperature (Upper limit Turn off pow is displayed If U4 is disp error code U</li> <li>c) Check resistor temperatu (Thermistor/(SW2: Refet)</li> <li>(6) Replace out (7) Replace out</li> </ul>		we path for cooling. re is something white rise around outdoo of ambient tempera ver, and on again to within 30 minutes. layed instead of U5, J4. cance value of therm ure by microcompute TH8: Refer to 8-5.) to 8-7) door power circuit b door controller circu	ch causes r unit. ture is 46°C .) check if U5 refer to histor (TH8) er. oard. it board.		
U6	<b>Power module</b> Check abnormality by driving power module in case overcurrent is detected. (UF or UP error condition)	<ol> <li>Defective outdoor power circuit board</li> <li>Decrease of power supply voltage</li> <li>Loosens, disconnection or reverse of compressor wiring connection</li> <li>Defective compressor</li> </ol>		<ol> <li>Replace outdoor power circuit board.</li> <li>Check facility of power supply.</li> <li>Correct the wiring (U·V·W phase) to compressor. Refer to 8-6 (Outdoor power circuit board).</li> <li>Check compressor referring to 8-4.</li> </ol>		oard. 3) to oor power 3-4.		
U7	U7       Too low superheat due to low discharge temperature       ① Disconnection or loose connection of discharge temperature thermistor (TH4)       ① Check the installatidischarge temperature thermistor (TH4)         U7       ③ minutes even though linear expansion valve has minimum open pulse after compressor starts operating for 10 minutes.       ① Disconnection or loose connection of discharge temperature thermistor       ③ Check the coil of linear expansion of linear expansion of linear expansion or loose connection of linear expansion valve's coil         ④ Disconnection or loose       ③ Check the coil of linear expansion valve's coil         ⑤ Defective linear expansion valve's connector       ⑤ Check linear expansion valve's coil			installation conditio temperature thermis oil of linear expansion onnection or contact tdoor controller circu	ns of stor (TH4). on valve. of LEV-A and uit board.			

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	ludgment and action		
Enor Code	Outdoor fan motor	① Failure in the operation of	Check or replace the DC fan motor.		
U8	<ul> <li>Abnormal if rotational frequency of the fan motor is not detected during DC fan motor operation.</li> <li>Fan motor rotational frequency is abnormal if;</li> <li>100 rpm or below detected continuously for 15 seconds at 20°C or more outside air temperature</li> <li>50 rpm or below or 1500 rpm or more detected continuously for 1 minute.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pailure in the outdoor circuit</li> <li>Failure in the outdoor circuit controller board</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the voltage of the outdoor circuit controller board during operation.</li> <li>Replace the outdoor circuit controller board. (when the failure is still indicated even after performing the remedy ① above.)</li> </ul>		
U9	Overvoltage or voltage shortage and synchronous signal to main circuit Abnormal if any of followings are detected during compressor operation; • Decrease of DC bus voltage to 310V (50-140V only) • Instantaneous decrease of DC bus volt- age 50-140V : 200V 112,140Y : 350V • Increase of DC bus voltage to 50V : 420V 85-140V : 400V 112,140Y : 760V • Decrease of input current of outdoor unit to 0.1A only if operation frequency is more than or equal to 40Hz or compres- sor current is more than or equal to 6A. * Check U9 error detail (SW2 all ON) Refer to 8-7.	<ol> <li>Decrease of power supply voltage</li> <li>Disconnection of compressor wiring</li> <li>Defective power circuit board</li> <li>Disconnection or loose connection of CN52C (50-140V)</li> <li>Defective PFC module of outdoor power board (50V)</li> <li>Defective ACT module drive (85V)</li> <li>Defective ACT module drive circuit of outdoor power circuit board (85V)</li> <li>Defective outdoor converter circuit board (112, 140Y)</li> <li>Defective 52C drive circuit of outdoor power circuit board (50-140V)</li> <li>Defective 52C drive circuit of outdoor power circuit board (50-140V)</li> <li>Disconnection or loose connection of CN5 on the outdoor power circuit board (50, 85V)</li> <li>Defective 52C drive circuit of outdoor power circuit board (50, 85V)</li> <li>Defective 52C drive circuit of outdoor power circuit board (512, 140Y)</li> <li>Disconnection or loose connection of CN5 on the outdoor power circuit board (512, 140Y)</li> <li>Defective 52C drive circuit of outdoor power circuit board (112, 140Y)</li> <li>Disconnection or loose connection of CN2 on the outdoor power circuit board (112, 140Y)</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>① Check the facility of power supply.</li> <li>② Correct the wiring (U-V-W phase) to compressor. Refer to 8-6 (Outdoor power circuit board).</li> <li>③ Replace power circuit board.</li> <li>④ Check CN52C wiring.</li> <li>⑤ Replace outdoor power circuit board. (50V)</li> <li>⑥ Replace ACT module. (85V)</li> <li>⑦ Replace outdoor power circuit board. (85V)</li> <li>⑦ Replace outdoor power circuit board. (85V)</li> <li>⑨ Replace outdoor converter circuit board. (112, 140Y)</li> <li>⑩ Replace outdoor controller circuit board. (50-140V)</li> <li>① Check CN5 wiring on the outdoor power circuit board. (50, 85V)</li> <li>ℝeplace outdoor power circuit board. (112, 140Y)</li> <li>⑩ Check CN5 wiring on the outdoor power circuit board. (50, 85V)</li> <li>ℝefer to 8-6.</li> <li>⑫ Replace outdoor power circuit board. (112, 140Y)</li> <li>⑬ Check CN2 wiring on the outdoor power circuit board. (112, 140Y)</li> </ul>		
Ud	<b>Overheat protection</b> Abnormal if outdoor pipe thermistor (TH3) detects 70°C or more or condensing temperature of pressure sensor (63HS) detects 70°C or more during compressor operation.	<ol> <li>Defective outdoor fan (fan motor) or short cycle of out- door unit during cooling opera- tion</li> <li>Defective outdoor pipe thermistor (TH3)</li> <li>Defective outdoor controller board</li> <li>Defective pressure sensor</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check outdoor unit air passage.</li> <li>Turn the power off and on again to check the error code. If U4 is displayed, follow the U4 processing direction.</li> <li>Check pressure by microcomputer. (Pressure sensor/ 63HS) (SW2: Refer to 8-7.)</li> </ol>		
UF	Compressor overcurrent interruption (When compressor locked) Abnormal if overcurrent of DC bus or compressor is detected within 30 seconds after compressor starts operating.	<ol> <li>Decrease of power supply voltage</li> <li>Looseness, disconnection or converse of compressor wiring connection</li> <li>Defective compressor</li> <li>Defective outdoor power board</li> <li>Decreased water flow</li> <li>Clogged filter of water pipe</li> <li>Clogged plate heat exchanger</li> <li>Locked water pump</li> <li>Malfunction of water pump</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check facility of power supply.</li> <li>Correct the wiring (U•V•W phase) to compressor. Refer to 8-6 (Outdoor power circuit board).</li> <li>Check compressor. Refer to 8-4.</li> <li>Replace outdoor power circuit board.</li> <li>~(9) Check water circuit and repair the defect.</li> </ol>		

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action
UH	<b>Current sensor error or input current error</b> Abnormal if current sensor detects -1.0 A to 1.0 A during compressor operation. (This error is ignored during test run.) Abnormal if 40 A of input current is detected or 37 A or more of input current is detected for 10 seconds continuously. (HW140V only)	<ol> <li>Disconnection of compressor wiring</li> <li>Defective circuit of current sensor on outdoor power circuit board</li> <li>Decrease of power supply volt- age</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Correct the wiring (U·V·W phase) to compressor. Refer to 8-6 (Outdoor power circuit board).</li> <li>Replace outdoor power circuit board.</li> <li>Check the facility of power supply.</li> </ol>
UL	Low pressure (63L worked) Abnormal if 63L is worked (under -0.03 MPa) during compressor operation. 63L: Low-pressure switch	<ol> <li>Stop valve of outdoor unit is closed during operation.</li> <li>Disconnection or loose con- nection of connector (63L) on outdoor controller board</li> <li>Disconnection or loose connec- tion of 63L</li> <li>Defective outdoor controller board</li> <li>Leakage or shortage of refriger- ant</li> <li>Malfunction of linear expansion valve</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check stop valve.</li> <li>Call Turn the power off and on again to check if F3 is displayed on restarting. If F3 is displayed, follow the F3 processing direction.</li> <li>Correct to proper amount of refrigerant.</li> <li>Check linear expansion valve. Refer to 8-5.</li> </ol>
UP	<b>Compressor overcurrent interruption</b> Abnormal if overcurrent DC bus or com- pressor is detected after compressor starts operating for 30 seconds.	<ol> <li>Decrease of power supply voltage</li> <li>Looseness, disconnection or converse of compressor wiring connection</li> <li>Defective fan of outdoor units</li> <li>Short cycle of indoor/outdoor units</li> <li>Defective input circuit of out- door controller board</li> <li>Defective compressor</li> <li>Decreased water flow</li> <li>Clogged filter of water pipe</li> <li>Clogged plate heat exchanger</li> <li>Locked water pump</li> <li>Malfunction of water pump</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check facility of power supply.</li> <li>Correct the wiring (U·V·W phase) to compressor. Refer to 8-6 (Outdoor power circuit board).</li> <li>Check outdoor fan.</li> <li>Solve short cycle.</li> <li>Replace outdoor controller circuit board.</li> <li>Check compressor. Refer to 8-4.</li> <li>Before the replacement of the outdoor controller circuit board, disconnect the wiring to compressor from the outdoor power circuit board and check the output voltage among phases, U, V, W, during test run. No defect on board if voltage among phases (U-V, V-W and W-U) is same. Make sure to perform the voltage check with same performing frequency.</li> <li>Check water circuit and repair the defect.</li> </ol>
E0 or E4	<ul> <li>Remote controller transmission error (E0)/signal receiving error (E4)</li> <li>Abnormal if main or sub remote controller cannot receive any transmission normally from Interface unit/Flow temp. controller of refrigerant address "0" for 3 minutes. (Error code: E0)</li> <li>Abnormal if sub-remote controller could not receive any signal for 2 minutes. (Error code: E0)</li> <li>Abnormal if Interface/Flow temp. controller board can not receive any data normally from remote controller board or from other Interface/Flow temp. controller board for 3 minutes. (Error code: E4)</li> <li>Interface/Flow temp. controller board controller board for 3 minutes. (Error code: E4)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Contact failure at transmission wire of remote controller</li> <li>All remote controllers are set as "sub" remote controller. In this case, E0 is displayed on remote controller, and E4 is displayed at LED (LED1, LED2) on the outdoor controller circuit board.</li> <li>Miswiring of remote controller</li> <li>Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller</li> <li>Noise has entered into the transmission wire of remote controller.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Check disconnection or looseness of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller unit or transmission wire of remote controller.</li> <li>Set one of the remote controllers "main", If there is no problem with the action above.</li> <li>Check wiring of remote controller.</li> <li>Total wiring length: max. 500 m (Do not use cablex 3 or more.)</li> <li>The number of connecting remote control- ler: max. 2 units</li> <li>When it is not the above-mentioned problem of 0~3</li> <li>Diagnose remote controllers.</li> <li>a) When "RC OK" is displayed, remote con- trollers have no problem. Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality generates again, replace Interface/Flow temp. controller board.</li> <li>When "RC NG" is displayed, replace remote controller.</li> <li>When "RC E3" or "ERC 00-66" is dis- played, noise may be causing abnormality.</li> </ul>
E1 or E2	<ul> <li>Remote controller control board</li> <li>Abnormal if data cannot be read normally from the nonvolatile memory of the remote controller control board. (Error code: E1)</li> <li>Abnormal if the clock function of remote controller cannot be operated normally. (Error code: E2)</li> </ul>	① Defective remote controller	① Replace remote controller.

	Abnormal point and datastics wethod	0	ludement and exticn
Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	
E3 or E5	<ul> <li>(E3)/signal receiving error (E5)</li> <li>Abnormal if remote controller could not find blank of transmission path for 6 seconds and could not transmit. (Error code: E3)</li> <li>When remote controller receives the transmitted data same time and compares these data. Abnormal if the data is judged to be different for 30 continuous times. (Error code: E3)</li> <li>Abnormal if Interface/Flow temp. controller board could not find blank of transmission path. (Error code: E5)</li> <li>When Interface/Flow temp. controller receives the transmitted data same time and compares the transmitted data same time and compares the transmitted data controller board could not find blank of transmission path. (Error code: E5)</li> <li>When Interface/Flow temp. controller receives the transmitted data same time and compares these data. Abnormal if the data is judged to be different for 30 continuous times. (Error code: E5)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>2 remote controllers are set as "main." (In case of 2 remote controllers)</li> <li>Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller</li> <li>Defective transmitting receiving circuit of Interface/Flow temp. controller board</li> <li>Noise has entered into trans- mission wire of remote control- ler.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Set a remote controller to main, and the other to sub.</li> <li>(2)~(4) Diagnose remote controller.         <ul> <li>a) When "RC OK" is displayed, remote controllers have no problem.                 Turn the power off, and on again to check. When becoming abnormal again, replace indoor controller board.</li></ul></li></ol>
E6	<ul> <li>Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-out- door unit communication error (Signal receiving error)</li> <li>Abnormal if Interface/Flow temp. controller board cannot receive any signal normally for 6 minutes after turning the power on.</li> <li>Abnormal if Interface/Flow temp. controller board cannot receive any signal normally for 3 minutes.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Contact failure, short circuit or, miswiring (converse wiring) of Interface unit/Flow temp. con- troller-outdoor unit connecting wire</li> <li>Defective transmitting receiving circuit of Interface/Flow temp. controller board</li> <li>Defective transmitting receiving circuit of Interface/Flow temp. controller board</li> <li>Noise has entered into Interface unit/Flow temp. con- troller-outdoor unit connecting wire.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>* Check LED display on the outdoor control circuit board. (Connect A-control service tool, PAC-SK52ST.)</li> <li>① Check disconnection or looseness of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit.</li> <li>②~④ Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality generates again, replace Interface/Flow temp. controller board or outdoor controller circuit board.</li> </ul>
E8	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-out- door unit communication error (Signal receiving error) (Outdoor unit) (1) Abnormal if outdoor controller circuit board could not receive anything normally for 3 minutes.	<ol> <li>Contact failure of Interface unit/ Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire</li> <li>Defective communication circuit of outdoor controller circuit board</li> <li>Defective communication circuit of Interface/Flow temp. controller board</li> <li>Noise has entered into Interface unit/ Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Check disconnection or looseness of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit.</li> <li>~④ Turn the power off, and on again to check. Replace Interface/Flow temp. con- troller board or outdoor controller circuit board if abnormality is displayed again.</li> </ul>
E9	<ul> <li>Interface unit/Flow temp. controller- outdoor unit communication error (Transmitting error) (Outdoor unit)</li> <li>(1) Abnormal if "0" receiving is detected 30 times continuously though outdoor con- troller circuit board has transmitted "1".</li> <li>(2) Abnormal if outdoor controller circuit board could not find blank of transmission path for 3 minutes.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Interface unit/Flow temp. con- troller-outdoor unit connecting wire has contact failure.</li> <li>Defective communication circuit of outdoor controller circuit board</li> <li>Noise has entered power supply.</li> <li>Noise has entered Interface unit/Flow temp. controller- outdoor unit connecting wire.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check disconnection or looseness of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire.</li> <li>~ Turn the power off, and on again to check. Replace outdoor controller circuit board if abnormality is displayed again.</li> </ol>
EF	Non defined error code This code is displayed when non defined error code is received.	<ol> <li>Noise has entered transmission wire of remote controller.</li> <li>Noise has entered Interface unit/Flow temp. controller- outdoor unit connecting wire.</li> </ol>	①② Turn the power off, and on again to check. Replace Interface/Flow temp. controller board or outdoor controller circuit board if abnormality is displayed again.
Ed	Serial communication error Abnormal if serial communication between outdoor controller circuit board and outdoor power circuit board is defective.	<ol> <li>Wire disconnection or contact failure of connector CN2 between the outdoor controller circuit board and the outdoor power circuit board</li> <li>Wire disconnection or contact failure of connector CN4 between the outdoor controller circuit board and the outdoor power circuit board</li> <li>Defective communication circuit of outdoor power circuit board</li> <li>Defective communication circuit of outdoor controller circuit board for outdoor power circuit board</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>①② Check connection of each connector CN2 and CN4 between the outdoor controller circuit board and the outdoor power circuit board.</li> <li>③ Replace outdoor power circuit board.</li> <li>④ Replace outdoor controller circuit board.</li> </ul>

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action	
	Freezing/overheating protection is working (1) Freezing protection <cooling mode=""> Abnormal if plate heat exchanger pipe temperature (TH6) stays at -5°C or lower for 10 seconds or abnormal if plate heat exchanger pipe thermistor (TH6) stays at</cooling>	<cooling mode=""> ① Reduced water flow · Clogged filter · Leakage of water ② Low temperature · Low-load</cooling>	<cooling mode=""> ①② Check water piping.</cooling>	
	-2°C or lower and compressor operation frequency is minimum for 5 minutes	<ul> <li>Inlet water is too cold.</li> <li>③ Defective water pump</li> </ul>	③ Check water pump.	
P6	<ul> <li>(2) Overheating protection <heating mode=""></heating></li> <li>Abnormal if condensing temperature of pressure sensor (63HS) detects</li> <li>Tcond. °C or more and compressor oper-</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>④ Defective outdoor fan control</li> <li>⑤ Overcharge of refrigerant</li> <li>⑥ Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs)</li> <li>⑦ Malfunction of linear expansion valve</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>④ Check outdoor fan motor.</li> <li>⑤~⑦ Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit.</li> <li>⑦ Check linear expansion valve.</li> </ul>	
	ation frequency is less than or equal to 30 Hz. Detection is inoperative during defrosting.	<heating mode=""> ① Reduced water flow · Clogged filter · Leakage of water ② High temperature · Over-load . Inlet water is too warm</heating>	<heating mode=""> ①② Check water piping.</heating>	
		③ Defective water pump	Check water pump.	
		<ul> <li>④ Overcharge of refrigerant</li> <li>⑤ Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs)</li> </ul>	(4)(5) Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit.	
	Trand	6 Malfunction of linear expansion valve stage	∣ <sup></sup> ⓑ Check linear expansion valve. stage-a e-b ⊈★	
	stage-g -19 -18 -16 -15 -1 -18 -17 -15 -14 -1	stage-d       stage-c         3 -12       -11       -10       -8       -7         2 -11       -9       -8       -6       -5         Ambient temperature       stage-b       stage-c       stage-d       stage-d         stage-b       stage-c       stage-d       stage-d       stage-d       stage-d	-3 -2 [W50,85] -3 -2 [HW112,140] e (TH7) [ 'C] -f stage-g	
	Tcond HW112,140 63	61         53         57         54         51           62         61         60         59         57	51	
	<b>Pipe temperature</b> Abnormal if the following conditions are detected for continuously 3 minutes after compressor starts operating for 10 minutes.	<ol> <li>Leakage or shortage of refrigerant</li> <li>Malfunction of linear expansion valve</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>① Check intake superheat. Check leakage of refrigerant.</li> <li>② Check linear expansion valve.</li> </ul>	
	Teshes-TH7 $\leq 2^{\circ}$ C and TH3-TH7 $\leq 4^{\circ}$ C or Teshes-TH3 < 0°C and	③ Refrigerant circuit is clogged with foreign objects.	③ After recovering refrigerant, remove water from entire refrigerant circuit under vacuum	
P8	<ul> <li>1H32-1H6 ≥ 0°C and Compressor operation frequency is 61Hz or more.</li> <li>2. Heating mode T63H5-TH32 ≤ 2°C and TH6-TH32 ≤ 1°C and</li> </ul>	* Clogging occurs in the parts which become below freezing point when water enters in refrigerant circuit.	more than 1 hour.	
	TH7-TH3 $\leq 1^{\circ}$ and Compressor operation frequency is 61Hz or more.	④ Disconnection of thermistor holder.	④ Check temperature display on outdoor controller circuit board. Temperature display is indicated by setting	
	T63HS: Condensing temperature of pressure sensor (63HS) Thermistor TH3: Liquid temperature TH32: Inlet water temperature TH6: Plate HEX Liquid temperature TH7: Ambient temperature		SW2 of outdoor controller circuit board. Check the holder of thermistor.	
UE	Abnormal pressure of pressure sensor (63HS) Abnormal if pressure sensor (63HS) detects 0.1 MPa or less. Detection is inoperative for 3 minutes after compressor starting and 3 minutes after and during defrosting.	<ol> <li>Disconnection or contact failure of connector (63HS) on the outdoor controller circuit board</li> <li>Defective pressure sensor</li> <li>Defective outdoor controller circuit board</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check connection of connector (63HS) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Check breaking of the lead wire for thermistor (63HS).</li> <li>Check pressure by microcomputer. (Pressure sensor/ 63HS) (SW2: Refer to 8-7.)</li> <li>Replace outdoor controller board</li> </ol>	

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action
PE	Inlet water temperatureAbnormal if the following conditions aredetected for continuously 10 seconds.1. Cooling modeDuring compressor operationTH32 < 3°C	<ol> <li>Reduced water flow         <ul> <li>Clogged filter</li> <li>Leak of water</li> <li>Low temperature</li> <li>Low-load</li> <li>Low temperature inlet water</li> <li>Defective water pump</li> <li>Leakage or shortage of refrigerant</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	<ul> <li>①② Check water piping.</li> <li>③ Check water pump.</li> <li>④ Check intake superheat. Check leakage of refrigerant.</li> </ul>

## 8-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS) PUHZ-W85VHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140V/YHA(-BS)

Parts name				Check p	oints				
TH3: Liquid pipe temperature TH4: Discharge	Disconnect the co (At the ambient te	onnector then meas emperature of 10°C	ure th ∼30℃	ie resistanc )	e with a	tester.			
temperature		Normal		Abn	ormal				
TH6: Plate Hex liquid	TH4/TH33(W50)	160kΩ~410kΩ							
TH7: Ambient temperature TH8: Heatsink temperature	TH3 TH6 TH7 TH33(HW112,140)	4.3kΩ~9.6kΩ		Open or sho	Open or short				
TH32: Inlet water	TH32	4.4kΩ~9.8kΩ							
TH33:	TH8	39kΩ~105kΩ							
Comp. surface thermistor (W50), Suction pipe temperature (HW112,140)									
Fan motor (MF1)	Refer to the next	page.							
Solenoid valve coil <four-way valve=""></four-way>	Measure the resi (At the ambient to	stance between the emperature of 20℃	e term )	inals with a	tester.				
(21S4)		Normal		Abnormal					
	W50,85	HW112,14	HW112,140		Open or short				
	2350±1700	2 1435±150	Ω						
Compressor	Measure the resist (Winding temperation)	Measure the resistance between the terminals with a tester. (Winding temperature 20°C)							
		Normal Ab			normal				
V (contract)	W50	W85	Н	W140V	HW112	2,140Y	One	n or short	
w	0.640Ω	0.865Ω~0.895Ω	5Ω~0.895Ω 0.188Ω		0.3	0.302Ω			
Linear expansion valve (LEV-A) (LEV-B)(LEV-C)	Disconnect the c (Winding temper	onnector then mea ature 20°C)	sure t	he resistand	ce with a	i tester.			
M Gray		١	lorma	I				At	onormal
Corange 3	Gray - Black	Gray - Red		Gray - Yello	w G	iray - Ora	inge	One	n or short
Yellow 5 Black 6	46±3Ω Open of short								
Solenoid valve coil <bypass valve=""></bypass>	Measure the resis (At the ambient te	stance between the emperature of 20°C	termi )	nals with a	tester.				
(SV) W50,85		Normal		Abn	ormal				
	1	450±150Ω		Open	or short				
Linear expansion valve (LEV-A) (LEV-B)(LEV-C) Gray Carage Red 4 Velow 5 Black 6 Solenoid valve coil <bypass valve=""> (SV) W50,85</bypass>	W50 0.640Ω Disconnect the c (Winding temper Gray - Black Measure the resis (At the ambient te	W85 0.865Ω~0.895Ω connector then mea ature 20°C) N Gray - Red C C Stance between the emperature of 20°C Normal 450±150Ω	Normal     Abn $35$ HW140V     HW112,140Y     Open $0.895\Omega$ $0.188\Omega$ $0.302\Omega$ Open       nen measure the resistance with a tester.     ) $0$ Normal $46\pm 3\Omega$ Gray - Yellow     Gray - Orange $46\pm 3\Omega$ $46\pm 3\Omega$ $46\pm 3\Omega$			n or short At Ope	onormal n or short		

## Check method of DC fan motor (fan motor / outdoor controller circuit board)

① Notes

- · High voltage is applied to the connector (CNF1, 2) for the fan motor. Give attention to the service.
- · Do not pull out the connector (CNF1, 2) of the motor with the power supply on.
- (It may damage the outdoor controller circuit board and fan motor.)

2 Self check

Symptom: The outdoor fan does not run.



## 8-5. HOW TO CHECK THE COMPONENTS

<Thermistor feature chart>

## Low temperature thermistors

- Thermistor <Liquid pipe> (TH3)
- Thermistor <Plate Hex liquid pipe> (TH6)
- Thermistor <Ambient> (TH7)
- Thermistor <Suction pipe> (TH33 for HW112,140)

Thermistor R0 =  $15k\Omega \pm 3\%$ B constant =  $3480 \pm 2\%$ 

## Rt =15exp{3480( $\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{273}$ )}

		21011 2	
0℃	<b>15k</b> Ω	30°C	<b>4.3k</b> Ω
10℃	<b>9.6k</b> Ω	40°C	<b>3.0k</b> Ω
20℃	<b>6.3k</b> Ω		
25°C	5 2k		

Medium	temperature	thermistor
--------	-------------	------------

• Thermistor <Heatsink> (TH8)

Thermistor R50 =  $17k\Omega \pm 2\%$ B constant =  $4150 \pm 3\%$ Rt = $17exp\{4150(\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{323})\}$ 0°C 180kΩ

25°C	50kΩ
50℃	<b>17k</b> Ω
70℃	$\mathbf{8k}\Omega$
90°C	$4k\Omega$

#### High temperature thermistor

• Thermistor < Discharge pipe> (TH4)

• Thermistor <Comp. surface> (TH33 for W50)

Thermistor R120 =  $7.465k\Omega \pm 2\%$ B constant =  $4057 \pm 2\%$ 

Rt =7	.465exp{4	$057(\frac{1}{273+t})$	- <u>1</u> 393)}
20℃	<b>250k</b> Ω	70°C	<b>34k</b> Ω
30℃	<b>160k</b> Ω	30°C	<b>24k</b> Ω

300	TOOK	000	<b>24n</b> 52
40°C	<b>104k</b> Ω	90°C	17.5kΩ
50°C	<b>70k</b> Ω	100°C	<b>13.0k</b> Ω
60°C	48kΩ	110°C	$9.8k\Omega$



#### Low temperature thermistor

• Thermistor <Inlet water> (TH32)

Thermistor R0 =  $15k\Omega \pm 2.5\%$ B constant =  $3450 \pm 2\%$ 

Rt =15exp{3450( $\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{273}$ )}					
0°C	15kΩ	30°C	<b>4.3k</b> Ω		
10℃	<b>9.6k</b> Ω	40°C	$3.0k\Omega$		
20℃	$6.3k\Omega$				
25℃	<b>5.2k</b> Ω				



#### Linear expansion valve

#### (1) Operation summary of the linear expansion valve

• Linear expansion valve opens/closes through stepping motor after receiving the pulse signal from the outdoor controller board.

• Valve position can be changed in proportion to the number of pulse signal.

<Connection between the outdoor controller board and the linear expansion valve>



#### <Output pulse signal and the valve operation>

Output (Phase)	Output							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
ø1	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
ø2	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
ø3	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
ø4	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON

#### (2) Linear expansion valve operation



Opening a value :  $8 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 8$ Closing a value :  $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow 1$ The output pulse shifts in above order.

- When linear expansion valve operation stops, all output phase become OFF.
- When the switch is turned on, 700 pulse closing valve signal will be sent till it goes to ⊗ point in order to define the valve position. (The pulse signal is being sent for about 20 seconds.)

No sound is heard when the pulse number moves from  $\circledast$  to  $\circledast$  in case coil is burnt out or motor is locked by open-phase.

• Sound can be detected by placing the ear against the screw driver handle while putting the screw driver to the linear expansion valve.

#### (3) How to attach and detach the coil of linear expansion valve

<Composition>

Linear expansion valve is separable into the main body and the coil as shown in the diagram below.



#### <How to detach the coil>

Hold the lower part of the main body (shown as A) firmly so that the main body does not move and detach the coil by pulling it upward.

Be sure to detach the coil holding main body firmly. Otherwise pipes can bend due to pressure.

#### <How to attach the coil>

Hold the lower part of the main body (shown as A) firmly so that the main body does not move and attach the coil by inserting it downward into the main body. Then securely attach the coil stopper to main body. (At this time, be careful that stress is not added to lead wire and main body is not wounded by lead wire.) If the stopper is not firmly attached to main body, coil may be detached from the main body and that can cause defective operation of linear expansion valve.

To prevent piping stress, be sure to attach the coil holding the main body of linear expansion valve firmly. Otherwise pipe may break.




<CAUTION> TEST POINT ① is high voltage.

#### Outdoor controller circuit board PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140VHA(-BS)



# Outdoor noise filter circuit board PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS)



LO, NO Voltage of 220-240 V AC is output. (Connect ACL)

## Outdoor noise filter circuit board PUHZ-W85VHA(-BS)

LO, NO Voltage of 220-240 V AC is output. Connect to the outdoor power circuit board (TABS, TABT).



Voltage of 220-240 V AC is input. Connect to the terminal block (TB1).







## Outdoor power circuit board PUHZ-HW140VHA(-BS)





#### Outdoor converter circuit board PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140YHA(-BS)



### Active filter module PUHZ-W85VHA(-BS)



\*1.Because it is difficult to determine open error with a tester, refer to the symptom of the unit when it is in open error. ON OFF: Code "20" display \*2.SW2 setting

## 8-7. OUTDOOR UNIT OPERATION MONITOR FUNCTION Operation indicator SW2: Indicator change of self diagnosis

SW2 set	e setting Display detail Explanation for display Unit							
ON 1 2 3 4	ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 Spigital indicator LED3 working details>							
<digital (Be sure</digital 	indicator LEE e that the 1 to	<b>03 working det</b> 6 in the SW2 a	<b>ails&gt;</b> re set te	o OFF.)				
(1) Disp Whe Wait (2) Whe ① O	<ul> <li>(1) Display when the power supply is ON. When the power supply is ON, blinking displays by turns. Wait for 10 seconds at the longest.</li> <li>(2) When the display lights (Normal operation)</li> <li>① Operation mode display</li> </ul>							
LEI		(Light	ng)			ON 1	SW2	nitial setting)
The t	ens digit : Ope	ration mode		The ones c	ligit : Relav outpu	ut		
Display	Operati	on Model		Display	Warming-up	Compressor	4-way valve	Solenoid valve
0	C	)FF		0				
С	COC	DLING		1				 
Н	HEA	TING 2 - ON -						
d	d DEFROSTING 3 — ON ON						ON	
② Display during error postponement 4 — ON — —								
Р	ostponement o	ode is displaye	d when	5		ON	_	ON
protection device.					ON	ON	_	
Postponement code is displayed while 7 — ON ON ON					ON			
error is being postponed. 8 ON								
A ON — ON —								
(3) When the display blinks Inspection code is displayed when compressor stops due to the work of protection devices.								
		01	Abnorm	al high pressu	ure (63H worked)	) ra chartaga of	rofrigorant	
		U3	Open/s	hort circuit of	discharging therr	nistor (TH4)	reingerant	
		U4	Open/s	hort of outdoo	r unit thermistors	6 (TH3, TH32, T	H6, TH7 and TI	H8)
		U5	Abnorm	al temperatur	e of heatsink	· · · ·		
		U6	Abnorm	ality of power	module			
		U7	Abnorm	ality of superl	heat due to low d	ischarge tempe	erature	
			Abnorm	ality in outdoo	or fan motor			
Display I	nspection un	it Ud	Overhe	at protection	arrent sensor ent	זנ		
	Dutdoor unit		Compre	assor overcurr	ent interruption (	When Comp. Ic	ocked)	
			Current	sensor error,	Input overcurren	t interruption		
		UP	Compre	essor overcurr	ent interruption	•		
		P6	Freezin	g/overheating	protection is wo	rking.		
		P8	Abnorm	ality of pipe te	emperature			
		UE	Abnorm	al pressure of	f pressure senso	r		
		PE	Abnorm	ality of inlet w	ater temperature	;		
		Ed	Senal C	ommunication				
Display C	Contents to be	inspected (Whe	n powe	r is turned or	ו)			
F5 6	3H connector	(yellow) is oper	۱.					
E8 Ir	nterface unit/F	low temp. contr	oller-ou	tdoor commu	nication error (S	Signal receiving	g error) (Outdo	or unit)
E9 lr	nterface unit/F	low temp. contr	oller-ou	tdoor commu	nication error (T	ransmitting er	ror) (Outdoor u	init)
EA M	liswiring of Inter	face unit/Flow terr	p. contro	ller-outdoor un	it connecting wire,	excessive numb	per of indoor unit	s (2 units or more)
Eb N	liswiring of Int	erface unit/Flow	/ temp.	controller-out	door unit conne	cting wire (cor	verse wiring o	r disconnection)
EC S	Startup time ov	er						
E0~E7 C	E0~E7 Communication error except for outdoor unit							

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Pipe temperature / Liquid (TH3) - 40~90	- 40~90 (When the coil thermistor detects 0°C or below, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When -10°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. $-\Box \rightarrow 10 \rightarrow \Box\Box$	Ĉ
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Discharge temperature (TH4) 3~217	3~217 (When the discharge thermistor detects 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 105°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 → 05 → □□	Ĉ
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Fan steps 0~10	0~10	Step
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor ON/OFF 0~9999	0~9999 (When the number of times is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 42500 times ( $425 \times 100$ times); 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □4 → 25 → □□	100 times
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor accumulated operation hours 0~9999	0~9999 (When it is 100 hours or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 2450 hours (245 × 10 hours); 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. $\Box 2 \rightarrow 45 \rightarrow \Box \Box$	10 hours
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor running current 0~50	0~50 *Value after the decimal point will be round off	A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor running frequency 0~255	0~255 (When it is 100 Hz or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns. (Example) When 105 Hz; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 → 05 → □□ t	Hz
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	LEV-A opening pulse 0~500	0~500 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns. (Example) When 150 pulse; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 → 50 → □□	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Deferred error history (1)	Deferred error Blinking: being deferred Lighting: deferment is cancelled "00" is displayed in case of no deferment	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Operation mode when the error occured.	Operation mode when the unit is stopped due to is error displayed. The displayed code is when the SW2 is set as below. (SW2)	Code display

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Pipe temperature/Liquid (TH3) when error occured. – 40~90	- 40~90 (When the coil thermistor detects 0°C or below, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When -15°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. $-\Box \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow \Box\Box$	ĉ
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Discharge temperature (TH4) when error occured. 3~217	3~217 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, the hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 130°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. $\Box 1 \rightarrow 30 \rightarrow \Box \Box$	°
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor current when error occured. 0~50	0~50	A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error code history (1) (latest) Alternate display of faulty unit number and error code	When no error history, " 0 " and "– –" are displayed by turns.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error code history (2) Alternate display of faulty unit number and error code	When no error history, " 0 " and "– –" are displayed by turns.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor operation duration 0~999	0~999 (When it is 100 minutes or more, the hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 245 minutes; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. $\square 2 \rightarrow 45 \rightarrow \square \square$	Minute
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	LEV-B opening when error occured	0~500 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns. (Example) When 150 pulse; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. $\Box 1 \rightarrow 50 \rightarrow \Box \Box$	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Capacity settings	The outdoor capacity code is shown as belowModelCodePUHZ-W5010PUHZ-W8514PUHZ-HW11220PUHZ-HW14025	Code display

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ovi2 ootting	Outdoor unit setting information	The tens digit (Total display for applied setting)	onit
		Setting details Display details	
		H·P / Cooling only U : H·P 1 : Cooling only	
ON		Single phase / 3 phase 0: Single phase 2: 3 phase	Quala
		The ones digit	displav
123456		Setting details Display details	
		Defrosting switch 0 : Normal 1 : For high humidity	
		(Example) When heat pump, 3 phase and defrosting (normal) are set up, "20" is displayed.	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Plate HEX liquid pipe temperature (TH6) - 39~88	<ul> <li>- 39~88</li> <li>(When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)</li> </ul>	Ĉ
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Condensing temperature (T <sub>63HS</sub> ) – 39~88	<ul> <li>− 39~88</li> <li>(When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)</li> </ul>	Ĉ
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Powerful / Economy mode display (for W50)	Powerful mode Economy mode	_
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Calculated maximum frequency 0~150	0~150 (When it is 100 Hz or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns. (Example) When 105 Hz; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 → 05 → □□ t	Hz
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Water inlet temperature (TH32) 0~100	0~100	Ĉ
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Ambient temperature (TH7) -39~88	-39~88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	Ĉ
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor heatsink temperature (TH8) -40~200	-40~200 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (When the thermistor detects 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Ĉ
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Discharge superheat (SHd) 0~255 [Cooling and Heating: SHd = TH4-T63Hs]	0~255 (When the SHd is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	°C

SW2 setting	Display detail		Explan	ation for display	у	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Sub cool (SC) 0~130 [Cooling: SC = T <sub>63HS</sub> -TH3 Heating: SC = T <sub>63HS</sub> -TH6]	0 (\ d	~130 When the SC is 100 igit and ones digit a	°C or more, hunc re displayed by tr	dreds digit, tens urns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Input current of outdoor unit 0~500	0 (\ 8	~500 When it is 100 or mo and ones digit are di	ore, hundreds dig splayed by turns	jit, tens digit .)	0.1 A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	LEV-B opening pulse 0~500	0(\)	~500 When it is 100 pulse digit and ones digit a	e or more, hundre are displayed by t	eds digit, tens turns.)	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 ON 0N 1 2 3 4 5 6	U9 error detail history (latest) Direct current bus voltage 150~400 (W50/85V, HW140V) 300~750 (HW112/140Y)	1: 3: (\ c	Error details (No error) Over voltage Insufficient voltage Input current sensor error Abnormal power synchronous signal (W50) PFC error (W50) (over voltage, insufficient voltage, over current) ACTM error 50~400 (W50/85V, H 00~750 (HW112/140) When it is 100V or m ligit and ones digit a	Cause – Power PCB Power PCB Control PCB Power PCB Power PCB Control PCB HW140V) DY) hore, hundreds di re displayed by t	Code           00           01           02           04           08           10           20	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Capacity save 0 ~ 100 [When there is no setting of capacity save, "100" is displayed.	0 (\ a (I	~100 When the capacity is nd ones digit are dis Example) When 100	s 100% hundreds splayed by turns.) %; 0.5 secs. 0.5 s $\Box_1 \rightarrow 0$ t	s digit, tens digit ) secs. 2 secs. $0 \rightarrow \Box$	%
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Deferred error history (2) of outdoor unit	D B L "(	Deferred error code of Ilinking: being deferr ighting: deferment is D0" is displayed in ca	display ed s cancelled ase of no deferm	ent.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Deferred error history (3) of outdoor unit	D B L "(	Deferred error code o Blinking: being deferr ighting: deferment is D0" is displayed in ca	display ed s cancelled ase of no deferm	ent.	Code display

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error code history (3) (Oldest) Faulty unit number and error code are displayed alternately.	When no error history, "0" and "" are displayed by turns.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error thermistor display [When there is no error thermistor, ["–" is displayed.	<ul> <li>3: Liquid pipe thermistor (TH3)</li> <li>3: Water inlet temp. thermistor (TH32)</li> <li>6: Plate HEX liquid pipe thermistor (TH6)</li> <li>7: Ambient temp. thermistor (TH7)</li> <li>8: Heatsink thermistor (TH8)</li> <li>4: Discharge thermistor (TH4) for (W50)</li> <li>33: Comp. shell thermistor (TH33) (for W50)</li> <li>3: Suction pipe thermistor (TH33) (for HW112/140)</li> </ul>	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Operation frequency when error occured. 0~225	0~225 (When it is 100 Hz or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 105 Hz; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. $\Box 1 \rightarrow 05 \rightarrow \Box \Box$ t	Hz
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Fan step when error occured. 0~10	0~10	Step
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	LEV-A opening pulse when error occured. 0~500	0~500 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 130 pulse; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 → 30 → □□	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Plate HEX liquid pipe temperature (TH6) when error occured. -39~88	-39~88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When –15°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. $-\Box \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow \Box \Box$	Ĉ
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Condensing temperature when error occured. -39~88	-39~88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When –15°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. $-\Box \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow \Box \Box$	Ĉ
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Water inlet temperature (TH32) when error occured. 0~100	0~100	Ĉ
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Ambient temperature (TH7) when error occured. -39~88	-39~88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When –15°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. $-\Box \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow \Box$	Ĉ

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor heatsink temperature (TH8) when error occured. -40~200	-40~200 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Ĉ
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Discharge superheat (SHd) when error occured. 0~255 [Cooling and Heating: SHd=TH4-T <sub>63HS</sub> ]	0~255 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 150°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 → 50 → □□	ĉ
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Sub cool (SC) when error occured. $0 \sim 130$ [Cooling: SC = T <sub>63HS</sub> -TH3 Heating: SC = T <sub>63HS</sub> -TH6]	0~130 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 115°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. □1 → 15 → □□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor operation duration before the unit stops with error 0~999	0~999 (When it is 100 minutes or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 415 minutes; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. $\square 4 \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow \square$	Minute
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Maximum frequency when error occured 0~150	0~150 (When it is 100 Hz or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns. (Example) When 105 Hz; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. $\Box 1 \rightarrow 05 \rightarrow \Box \Box$	Hz
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Requested capacity step when error occured 0~7	0~7	Step
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor frequency control status	The following code will be a help to know the operating status of unit.         •Ten place (left side):         Display       Compressor frequency control         1       Input current restriction control         2       Compressor current restriction control         2       Compressor current restriction control         •First digit (Total figure of the corresponding relays are displayed.)         Display       Compressor frequency control         1       Discharge temp.control(not to over rise).         2       Condensing temp.control(not to over rise).         4       Freezing protection control         8       Heatsink temp.control(not to over rise).         (1)       Input current restriction control.         (2)       Condensing temp. control (not to over rise).         (3)       Heatsink temp. control (not to over rise).	Code display

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Comp. shell temperature (TH33) (for W50) 3~217	3-217 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, the hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 130°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. 1 → 30 → □□	Ĵ
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor suction pipe temperature (TH33) (for HW112/140) -39~88	-39~88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When –15°C; 0.5 secs. 0.5 secs. 2 secs. $-\Box \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow \Box \Box$	Ĵ
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	LEV-C opening pulse (for HW112/140) 0~500	0~500 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds dig it are displayed by turns.)	Ĵ
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Requested capacity step (Q STEP) 0~7	0~7	Step
	U9 Error details (To be shown while error call is deferred.)	Error details Cause Code	
	,	(No error) – 00	
		Over voltage Power PCB 01	
<u>ON</u>		Insufficient voltage Power PCB 02	Quite
		Input current sensor error Control PCB 04	display
		Abnormal power synchronous Power PCB 08 signal (W50)	
		PFC error (W50) (over voltage, insufficient voltage, over current) Power PCB 10	
		ACTM error Control PCB 20	

Data Sheet for Air to Water Compa	ict type	Applicable mode	PUHZ-W[50V/85V]HA(-BS) PUHZ-HW[140V/112Y/140Y]HA(-BS)	
Model name:	[Serial No	:	Date :	
Operation Data	SW2 setting 1 2 3 4 5 6	1:ON / 0:OFF	Recorded operation status	SW2 setting 1:0N / 0:0FF 112 3 4 5 6
Inlet/Outlet water temperature		/	Operation mode when the error occurred	(Mode) 0 1 0 1 0 0
Outdoor Inlet/Outlet Air temperature		/	Error code history (1) [Latest]	(Code) 0 1 1 1 0 0
Discharge/Suction temperature		_	Error code history (2)	(Code) 1 1 1 1 0 0
Discharge/Suction pressure		_	Error code history (3) [Oldest]	(Code) 0 0 1 0 1
Power supply Voltage/Frequency (V/Hz)		/	Deferred error history (1)	(Code) 100100
Water flow Volume (L/min)			Deferred error history (2)	(Code) 0 1 1 0 0 1
Water inlet temp. [TH32]	0 0 1 1 1 0		Deferred error history (3)	(Code) 1 1 1 0 0 1
Plate HEX liquid pipe temp. [TH6]	0 0 1 0 1 0		Condensing temp.	[T <sub>63HS</sub> ] 1 1 1 1 0 1
Condensing temp. [T <sub>63HS</sub> ]	101010		Plate HEX liquid pipe temp.	[TH6] 0 1 1 1 0 1
Ambient temp. [TH7]	1 0 1 1 1 0		Compressor running frequency	(Hz) 0 1 0 1 0 1
Compressor running frequency (Hz)	1 1 1 0 0 0		Fan steps	(Step) 1 1 0 1 0 1
Fan steps (Step)	1 1 0 0 0 0		Liquid pipe temp.	[TH3] 1 1 0 1 0 0
Liquid pipe temp. [TH3]	100000		ତି Discharge temp.	[TH4] 001100
Discharge temp. [TH4]	0 1 0 0 0 0		EV-A opening pulse	[LEV-A] 0 0 1 1 0 1
LEV-A opening pulse [LEV-A]	000100		Z LEV-B opening pulse	[LEV-B] 100010
LEV-B opening pulse [LEV-B]	0 1 0 0 0 1		Ambient temp.	[TH7] 100011
LEV-C opening pulse (HW type only) [LEV-C]	0 0 1 1 1 1		. Water inlet temp.	[TH32] 0 0 0 1 1
Requested capacity step [Q <sub>STEP</sub> ]	1 0 1 1 1 1		E Heat sink temp.	[TH8] 0 1 0 0 1 1
Comp. surface temp. (W type only) [TH33]	0 1 1 1 1 1 1		등 Calculated max. frequency	(Hz) 0 1 1 0 1 1
Suction temp. (HW type only) [TH33]	0 1 0 1 1 1		Sub Cool	[SC] 001011
Heat sink temp. [TH8]	0 1 1 1 1 0		Compressor operation duration	(Min) 1 0 1 0 1 1
Discharge Super Heat [SHd]	1 1 1 1 1 0		Requested capacity step	[Q <sub>STEP</sub> ] 1 1 1 0 1 1
Calculated max. frequency (Hz)	1 1 1 0 1 0		Discharge Super Heat	[SHd] 1 1 0 0 1 1
Compressor operation duration (Min)	000010		Compressor running current	(A) 1 0 1 1 0 0
Sub Cool [SC]	0 0 0 0 0 1		Capacity setting	(Code) 0 1 0 0 1 0
Demand capacity (%)	101001		Compressor ON/OFF	(×100) 0 0 1 0 0 0
Direct current bus line voltage (V)	0 0 1 0 0 1		Compressor accumulated operation hours (	×10hours) 1 0 1 0 0 0
Compressor running current (A)	0 1 1 0 0 0		U9 error detail history (latest)	(Code) 1 1 0 0 0 1
Input current (0.1A)	100001		Check sum	(Code) 1 1 0 1 1 1
Compressor frequency control status *	1 0 0 1 1 1			
Temperature differential code [ΔTj]	0 0 0 1 1 1		10ths digit         1:Input current restriction control         1st digit           2:Commerssor current restriction control         2:Commerssor         2:Commerssor	1:Discharge temp. control 4:Freeze protection control 2-Condensing temp. control 8:Heat sink temp. control

#### 8-8. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS) PUHZ-W85VHA(-BS)

Sw	itch		Sel	ection			Effective timing
Mark	No.	Function	ON (with)	OFF (without)	Initial setting*	Function details	(SW1, 8) / Note (SW6)
	1	Forced defrosting	ON to start	Usual setting	OFF	Switch ON to force defrosting	When compressor is working in heat- ing mode. *1
SW1	2	To clear error history	ON to clear	Usual setting	OFF	Switch ON to clear (erase) the followings: (1) Error codes and Suspension flags in RAM (2) Error codes and Suspension flags in EEPROM	Off or operating
	3	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-W50,85VHA	OFF		
	4	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-W50,85VHA	OFF		
	5	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-W50,85VHA	OFF	_	-
	6	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-W50,85VHA	OFF		
	1	Max. fan step selection	STEP 9	STEP 8	OFF	Selection of max. fan step at the silent mode	Always
SW5	2	Max. frequency selection	Middle level	Low level	OFF	Selection of max. compressor frequency at the silent mode	Always
	3	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-W50,85VHA	OFF		
	4	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-W50,85VHA	OFF	_	-
	1	Model Setting 1	Do NOT use	PUHZ-W50,85VHA	OFF	PCB may be damaged, if switch is ON.	ON for other mod- els
	2	Defrost control selection	For high humidity	Standard	OFF	Switch ON to change conditions (standard / high himidity) to start defrosting	-
SW6	3~6 1,2	Model Setting 2	Model         S           3         4           W50         1         1           W85         1         0           1=ON, 0=OFI         0	SW6         SW10           5         6         1         2           0         0         0         1           1         0         0         0	As shown in the left table	_	Make sure to set SW6-3 to 6 and SW10-1,2 correctly
	1	Mode selection	Energy saving mode	Powerful mode	OFF	_	Always
	2	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-W50,85VHA	OFF	-	
SW8	3	Separate Interface/Flow temp. control- ler-outdoor unit power supplies	Separate power supply	Outdoor unit power supply	OFF	Power supply connection method selection	When power supply ON

<Important Note>

All these dip switches on PUHZ-W50,85VHA are set as shown above.

Spare PCBs, however, will be supplied without any settings, which means that all dip switches are switched OFF.

When servicing, please make sure to set all switches correctly, referring to the previous PCB which is removed from the unit.

\*1. Forced defrosting should be done as follows.

① Change the DIP SW1-1 on the outdoor controller board from OFF to ON.

<sup>®</sup> Forced defrosting will start by the above operation <sup>①</sup> if these conditions written below are satisfied.

Heat mode setting

• 10 minutes have passed since compressor starts operating or previous forced defrosting is finished.

Pipe temperature is less than or equal to 8°C.

Forced defrosting will finish if certain conditions are satisfied.

Forced defrosting can be done if above conditions are satisfied when DIP SW1-1 is changed from OFF to ON.

After DIP SW1-1 is changed from OFF to ON, there is no problem if DIP SW1-1 is left ON or changed to OFF again. This depends on the service conditions.

			<i>,</i>		-,		
Sw	itch	Function	Sele	ction	Initial aatting*	Function dataila	Effective timing
mark	No.	Function	ON (with)	OFF (without)	initial setting	Function details	Effective timing
	1	Forced defrosting	ON to start	usual setting	OFF	Switch ON to force defrosting	Always
SW1	2	To clear error history	ON to clear	usual setting	OFF	Switch ON to clear (erase) the followings: (1)Error codes and Suspension flags in RAM (2)Error codes and Suspension flags in EEPROM	Always
	3	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-HW·HA	OFF	_	
	4	Abnormal disregard	Disregard	Normal	OFF	Error code (P8,UH): Abnormal detection disregard	Always
	5	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-HW·HA	OFF	_	_
	6	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-HW·HA	OFF	_	_
	1	Silent setting (FAN)	Silent setting (FAN)	usual setting	OFF	Fan speed setting in silent mode	Alwaye
	2	Silent setting (Hz)	Silent setting (Hz)	usual setting	OFF	Hz setting in silent mode	Aiways
SW5	3	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-HW·HA	OFF	_	-
-	4	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-HW·HA	OFF	-	-
	5	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-HW·HA	OFF	-	-
	6	No function	Do NOT use	PUHZ-HW·HA	OFF	-	-
	1~3	Model Setting 1	Do NOT use	PUHZ-HW·HA	OFF	_	_
	4	Single phase / 3 phase	3 phase	Single phase	HW112/140Y :ON HW140V :OFF	-	_
SW6	5~8	Model Setting 2	Model         5           HW112         0           HW140         1           1=ON, 0=OFF	SW6           6         7         8           1         1         0           1         1         0	As shown in the left table	_	Make sure to set SW6-5 to 8 correctly
	1	Mode selection	Energy saving mode	Powerful mode	OFF	_	Always
SW8	2	Max. current setting HW140V 35, HW112/140Y 13,		Vax. current FON A 29.5A A 12A	OFF	_	When power supply ON
	3	Separate Interface/Flow temp.controller - outdoor unit	Separate power supply	Outdoor unit power supply	OFF	Power supply connection method selection	When power supply ON

### PUHZ-HW112YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140YHA(-BS) PUHZ-HW140VHA(-BS)

<Important Note>

All these dip switches on PUHZ-HW-HA are set as shown above.

Spare PCBs, however, will be supplied without any settings, which means that all dip switches are switched OFF.

When servicing, please make sure to set all switches correctly, referring to the previous PCB which is removed from the unit.

\*1. Forced defrosting should be done as follows.

① Change the DIP SW1-1 on the outdoor controller board from OFF to ON.

<sup>®</sup> Forced defrosting will start by the above operation <sup>①</sup> if these conditions written below are satisfied.

Heat mode setting

• 10 minutes have passed since compressor starts operating or previous forced defrosting is finished.

• Pipe temperature is less than or equal to 8°C.

Forced defrosting will finish if certain conditions are satisfied.

Forced defrosting can be done if above conditions are satisfied when DIP SW1-1 is changed from OFF to ON. After DIP SW1-1 is changed from OFF to ON, there is no problem if DIP SW1-1 is left ON or changed to OFF again. This depends on the service conditions.



OPERATING PROCEDURE	PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATION
<ul> <li>4. Removing the thermistor <plate hex="" liquid=""> (TH6) <ul> <li>(1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>(2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>(3) Disconnect the connector TH7/6 (red) on the controller circuit board.</li> <li>(4) Loosen the clamps for the lead wire.</li> <li>(5) Pull out the thermistor <plate hex="" liquid=""> (TH6) from the sensor holder.</plate></li> </ul> </plate></li> <li>Note: In case of replacing thermistor <plate hex="" liquid=""> (TH6), replace it together with thermistor<outdoor ambient=""> (TH7), since they are combined together. Refer to No.5 below to remove thermistor <outdoor ambient="">.</outdoor></outdoor></plate></li> </ul>	Photo 5 Plate HEX liquid thermistor (TH6) Receiver Receiver Plate heat exchanger Plate heat exchanger fixing screw
<ul> <li>5. Removing the thermistor <outdoor ambient=""> (TH7) <ul> <li>(1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>(2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>(3) Disconnect the connector TH7/6 (red) on the controller circuit board.</li> <li>(4) Loosen the clamps for the lead wire.</li> <li>(5) Pull out the thermistor <outdoor ambient=""> (TH7) from the sensor holder.</outdoor></li> </ul> </outdoor></li> <li>Note: In case of replacing thermistor <outdoor ambient=""> (TH7), replace it together with thermistor <plate hex="" liquid=""> (TH6), since they are combined together. Refer to No.4 above to remove thermistor <plate hex="" liquid="">.</plate></plate></outdoor></li> </ul>	Photo 6 Sensor holder for outdoor ambient thermistor (TH7)
<ul> <li>6. Removing the thermistor <liquid pipe=""> (TH3) and thermistor <discharge> (TH4), thermistor <comp. shell=""> (TH33)</comp.></discharge></liquid></li> <li>(1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>(2) Disconnect the connectors, TH3 (white), TH4 (white), and TH33 (yellow) on the controller circuit board.</li> <li>(3) Loosen the clamps for the lead wire.</li> <li>(4) Pull out the thermistor <liquid pipe=""> (TH3) (See Photo 5.) and thermistor <discharge> (TH4) from the sensor holder.</discharge></liquid></li> <li>[Removing the thermistor <comp. shell=""> (TH33)] Only for W50.</comp.></li> <li>(5) Pull out the thermistor <comp. shell=""> (TH33) from the holder of the compressor shell.</comp.></li> </ul>	Photo 7
<ul> <li>7. Removing the thermistor <inlet water=""> (TH32) <ul> <li>(1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>(2) Remove 2 screws (5 x 10) and remove the front cover panel.</li> <li>(3) Remove 2 screws (5 x 10) and remove the back cover panel. (W85)/ Remove 3 stay fixing screws (4 x 10) and remove the stay. Remove 3 right side panel fixing screws (5 x 10) and remove the stay. Remove 3 right side panel fixing screws (5 x 10) and remove the stay. Remove 3 right side panel fixing screws (5 x 10) and remove the stay. Remove 3 right side panel fixing screws (5 x 10) and remove the right side panel. (W50)</li> <li>(4) Disconnect the connectors, TH32 (black) on the controller circuit board.</li> <li>(5) Loosen the clamp for the lead wire.</li> <li>(6) Remove the thermistor <inlet water=""> (TH32) from the plate heat exchanger.</inlet></li> </ul> </inlet></li> <li>Note: Before removing the thermistor<inlet water=""> (TH32), recover water in the plate heat exchanger.</inlet></li> </ul>	Photo 8

### **OPERATING PROCEDURE**

#### Removing the solenoid valve coil <4-way valve> (21S4) linear expansion valve coil (LEV (A), LEV (B)) and solenoid valve coil <Bypass valve> (SV)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4.)
- [Removing the solenoid valve coil <4-way valve> ]
- (4) Remove solenoid valve coil <4-way valve> fixing screw (M4 x 6).
- (5) Remove the solenoid valve coil <4-way valve>.
- (6) Disconnect the connector 21S4 (green) on the controller circuit board.
- [Removing the linear expansion valve coil]
- (4) Remove the linear expansion valve coil by sliding the coil upward.
- (5) Disconnect the connectors, LEV A (white) and LEV B (red), on the controller circuit board.
- [Removing the solenoid valve coil <Bypass valve>]
- (4) Remove the solenoid valve coil <Bypass valve> fixing screw (M4 x 6).
- (5) Remove the solenoid valve coil <Bypass valve> by sliding the coil upward.
- (6) Disconnect the connector SV2 (blue) on the controller circuit board.

#### 9. Removing the 4-way valve

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4.)
- (4) Remove 3 stay fixing screws (4 x 10) and remove the stay.
- (5) Remove 3 right side panel fixing screw (5 x 10) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.
- (6) Remove the solenoid valve coil <4-way valve>. (See Photo 9.)
- (7) Recover refrigerant.
- (8) Remove the welded part of 4-way valve.

Note 1: Recover refrigerant without letting it out in the air. Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by

removing the right side panel.

Note 3: When installing the 4-way valve, make sure to cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (120°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.

#### 10. Removing linear expansion valve

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)
- (3) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4.)
- (4) Remove 3 stay fixing screws (4 x 10) and remove the stay.
  (5) Remove 3 right side panel fixing screw (5 x 10) in the rear of the unit and then remove the right side panel.
- (6) Remove the linear expansion valve.
- (7) Recover refrigerant.
- (8) Remove the welded part of linear expansion valve.

Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air. Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the back panel.

Note 3: When installing the linear expansion valve, cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (120°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.

## PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATION







	1
OPERATING PROCEDURE	PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATION
<ul> <li>14. Removing the compressor (MC) <ul> <li>(1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>(2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>(3) Remove 2 screws (5 x 10) and remove the front cover panel.</li> <li>(4) Remove 2 screws (5 x 10) and remove the back cover panel.</li> <li>(5) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4.)</li> <li>(6) Remove 3 screws (4 x 10) and remove the stay. (See Photo 10.)</li> <li>(7) Remove 3 screws (5 x 10) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.</li> <li>(8) Remove 5 screws (1:4 x 10 4:5 x 10) and remove the front panel.</li> <li>(9) Remove the terminal cover and remove the lead wire for compressor.</li> <li>(11) Remove the soundproof cover for compressor.</li> <li>(12) Recover refrigerant.</li> <li>(13) Remove the 3 points of the compressor fixing nut using a spanner or a adjustable wrench.</li> <li>(14) Remove the welded pipe of the compressor, then remove the compressor.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Photo 12       Terminal cover         Lead wire for compressor       Image: Compressor         Compressor       Image: Compressor
<ul> <li>15. Removing the receiver <ul> <li>(1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>(2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>(3) Remove 2 screws (5 x 10) and remove the front cover panel.</li> <li>(4) Remove 2 screws (5 x 10) and remove the back cover panel.</li> <li>(5) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4.)</li> <li>(6) Remove 3 screws (4 x 10) and remove the stay. (See Photo 10.)</li> <li>(7) Remove 3 screw (5 x 10) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.</li> <li>(8) Recover the refrigerant.</li> <li>(9) Remove 2 welded pipes of receiver.</li> <li>(10) Remove 2 receiver leg fixing screws (4 x 10), then remove the receiver.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note 1: Recover refrigerant without letting it out in the air.</li> </ul>	Photo 13
<ul> <li>16. Removing the plate heat exchanger <ul> <li>(1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>(2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>(3) Remove 2 screws (5 x 10) and remove the front cover panel.</li> <li>(4) Remove 2 screws (5 x 10) and remove the back cover panel.</li> <li>(5) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4.)</li> <li>(6) Remove 3 screws (4 x 10) and remove the stay. (See Photo 10.)</li> <li>(7) Remove 3 screw (5 x 10) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.</li> <li>(8) Recover the refrigerant</li> <li>(9) Remove 2 welded pipes of plate heat exchanger inlet and outlet.</li> <li>(10) Remove 2 plate heat exchanger fixing screws (4 x 10), then remove the plate heat exchanger.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note 1: Recover refrigerant without letting it out in the air. Note 2: Before removing the thermistor <inlet water=""> (TH32), recover water in the plate heat exchanger.</inlet></li> </ul>	Photo 14 Plate HEX liquid thermistor (TH6) Plate heat exchanger Receiver Plate heat exchanger fixing screw



#### No.23~27 for PUHZ-W50VHA(-BS) **OPERATING PROCEDURE PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATION** 23. Removing the controller circuit board (C.B.): Figure 3, Photo 17 Power circuit board (P.B.) Figure 3 (1) Remove all lead wire connectors on controller circuit board (C.B.) Controller circuit board (P.B.) CNF1, CNDC, CNAC, CN2, CN4, CN52C, Noise filter 21S4, SV2, 63H, 63HS, LEV-A, LEV-B, circuit board TH32, TH7/6, TH3, TH4, TH33 (2) Remove controller circuit board. (5 supports) 24. Removing the noise filter circuit board (N.F.): Figure 3, Photo 17 Reactor (ACL) (1) Remove 2 screws for fixing the C.B. plate and detach the C.B. plate from the electrical parts box. (2) Remove E2, E3, CN5, LO, NO lead wire connectors from noise filter circuit board (N.F.). (3) Remove E1 lead wire connector from electrical parts box. (4) Remove L, N lead wire connectors from terminal block (TB1). (5) Remove CNAC1, CNAC2, E1, LI, NI lead wire connectors Photo 17 Electrical parts box from noise filter circuit board (N.F.). (6) Remove noise filter circuit board. (9 supports) C.B. plate fixing screw Controller circuit 25. Removing the power circuit board (P.B.) : Figure 3, Photo 17 board (C.B.) (1) Remove CN2, CN4, CNDC lead wire connectors from controller circuit board (C.B.). C.B. plate fixing screw (2) Remove 2 screws for fixing the C.B. plate and detach the C.B. plate from the electrical parts box. (3) Remove CD9 lead wire connector. Electrical parts (4) Remove all lead wire connectors on power circuit board (P.B.). box fixing screw CN2, CN3, CN5, CN4 TABU, TABV , TAVW, TABR, TABS Photo 18 (5) Remove power circuit board from the electrical parts box. Reactor fixing screw 26. Removing the reactor (ACL) : Photo 18 (1) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4.) (2) Remove 3 reactor fixing screws (4 x 16) and remove the reactor. Reactor (ACL) \* The reactor is attached to the rear of the electrical parts box. 27. Removing the thermistor <HEATSINK> (TH8) (1) Remove CN2, CN4, CNDC lead wire connectors from controller circuit board (C.B.). (2) Remove 2 screws for fixing the C.B. plate and detach the C.B. plate from the electrical parts box. (3) Remove all lead wire connectors on power circuit board (P.B.). Electrical parts box Reactor fixing screws (4) Remove power circuit board from the electrical parts box. (5) Remove the thermistor <HEATSINK> from the electrical parts box. (1 screw (3 x 12))





OPERATING PROCEDURE	РНОТОЅ
<ul> <li>5. Removing the thermistor <plate hex="" liquid=""> (TH6) and thermistor <outdoor> (TH7) <ol> <li>Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>Disconnect the connectors, TH7/6 (red) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.</li> <li>Loosen the 2 wire clamps on top of the electrical parts box.</li> <li>Pull out the thermistor <plate hex="" liquid=""> (TH6) and thermistor <outdoor> (TH7) from the sensor holder.</outdoor></plate></li> </ol> </outdoor></plate></li> <li>Note: In case of replacing thermistor <plate hex="" liquid=""> (TH6) or thermistor <outdoor> (TH7), replace it together.</outdoor></plate></li> </ul>	Photo 11
<ul> <li>6. Removing the thermistor <discharge> (TH4) <ul> <li>(1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>(2) Disconnect the connector TH4 (white) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.</li> <li>(4) Loosen the wire clamps bottom of the electrical parts box and separator.</li> <li>(5) Pull out the thermistor <discharge> (TH4) from the sensor holder.</discharge></li> </ul> </discharge></li> </ul>	Photo 13 High pressure sensor (63HS)
<ul> <li>7. Removing the thermistor <liquid> (TH3) and thermistor <suction> (TH33)</suction></liquid></li> <li>(1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>(2) Disconnect the connectors TH3 (white) and TH33 (yellow) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.</li> <li>(3) Loosen the wire clamps bottom of the electrical parts box and separator.</li> <li>(4) Pull out the thermistor <liquid> (TH3), <suction> (TH33) from the sensor holder.</suction></liquid></li> </ul>	Photo 14 Thermistor <liquid> (TH3) Thermistor <suction> (TH33) Image: TH33 (TH3) Thermistor <suction> (TH34) Image: TH33 (TH33) Image: TH33 (TH33) (TH33) (TH33) (TH33) (TH33) (TH33) (TH33) (TH33) (TH33)</suction></suction></liquid>

OPERATING PROCEDURE	PHOTOS
<ul> <li>Removing the 4-way valve coil (21S4), and linear expansion valve coil (LEV-A, LEV-B, LEV-C)</li> <li>(1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>(2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>(3) Remove 4-way valve coil (See Photo 15.)</li> <li>(3) Remove the 4-way valve coil by sliding the coil toward you.</li> <li>(5) Disconnect the connector 21S4 (green) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.</li> <li>[Removing the LEV coil] (See Photo 16.)</li> <li>(3) Remove the linear expansion valve coil by sliding the coil upward.</li> <li>(4) Disconnect the connectors, LEV-A (white), LEV-B (red) and LEV-C (blue) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.</li> </ul>	Photo 15 High pressure switch (63H)
<ul> <li>Removing the 4-way valve <ol> <li>Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>Remove 5 right side panel fixing screws (5 × 10) (4: rear of the unit/1: right side base) and remove the right side panel.</li> <li>Remove the 4-way valve coil. (See Photo 15.)</li> <li>Recover refrigerant.</li> <li>Remove the welded part of 4-way valve.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air. Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel.</li> <li>Note 3: When installing the 4-way valve, cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (120°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.</li> </ul> <b>0. Removing LEV</b> <ol> <li>Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.)</li> <li>Remove the stay fixing screws (4 × 10) and remove the stay.</li> <li>Remove 5 right side panel fixing screws (5 × 10) (4: rear of the unit/1: right side base) and remove the right side panel.</li> <li>Remove the LEV coil.</li> <li>Recover refrigerant.</li> <li>Recover refrigerant.</li> <li>Recover refrigerant.</li> <li>Remove the welded part of LEV.</li> </ol> Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air. Note 2: The welded part of LEV. Note 2: The welded part of LEV. Note 3: When installing the LEV, cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (120°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized. Indemove the service panel. (See Photo 1.) (2) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.) (3) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.) (4) Remove the welded part of LEV. Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air. Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel. Note 3: When installing the LEV, cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (120°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxid	Photo 16 LEV (LEV-C) LEV (LEV-A) LEV (LEV-B) LEV (LEV-B) LEV (LEV-B) A-way valve Heat exchanger Photo 17 Nuffler Low pressure switch (63L) LEV (LEV-B) LEV (LEV-B) LEV (LEV-B) LEV (LEV-B) LEV (LEV-B) LEV (LEV-B) A-way valve Heat exchanger Hoto 17 Low pressure switch (63L) LEV (LEV-B) LEV (LEV-B) LEV (LEV-B) LEV (LEV-B) LEV (LEV-B) LEV (LEV-B) A-way valve Heat exchanger Hoto 17 Low pressure switch (63L) LEV (LEV-B) LEV (LEV-B)





#### PHOTOS **OPERATING PROCEDURE** 15. Removing the compressor (MC) Photo 23 (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.) (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.) (3) Remove 2 front cover panel fixing screws (5 X 10) and Terminal cover Compressor (MC) Pipes of power receiver remove the front cover panel. (4) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4, 5.) (5) Remove 3 stay fixing screws (4 X 10) and remove the stay. (6) Remove 5 right side panel fixing screws (5 × 10) (4: rear of the unit/1: right side base) and remove the right side panel. (7) Remove 3 separator fixing screws (4 X 10) and remove the separator. (8) Remove the soundproof cover for compressor. (9) Remove the terminal cover and remove the compressor lead wire. (10) Recover refrigerant. (11) Remove the 4 points of the compressor fixing nut using a spanner or a adjustable wrench. (12) Remove the welded pipe of compressor inlet and outlet then remove the compressor. Power receiver Note: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air. Compressor fixing nut Plate heat Receiver leg exchanger 16. Removing the power receiver fixing screw fixing screw (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1.) (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1.) (3) Remove 2 front cover panel fixing screws (5 X 10) and remove the front cover panel. (4) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4, 5.) (5) Remove 3 stay fixing screws (4 X 10) and remove the stay. (6) Remove 5 right side panel fixing screws (5 × 10) (4: rear of the unit/1: right side base) and remove the right side panel. (7) Recover refrigerant. (8) Remove 4 welded pipes of power receiver inlet and outlet. (9) Remove 2 receiver leg fixing screws (4 × 10). Note: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.



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